

Computer Science Ics Part 2 Chapter 13 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	A build-in function:	<p>A. Cannot be redefine</p> <p>B. Can be redefined</p> <p>C. Cannot return a value</p> <p>D. Should be redefined</p>
2	A variable declared inside a function is known as:	<p>A. Local variable</p> <p>B. Global variable</p> <p>C. Automatic variable</p> <p>D. A and C</p>
3	Which of the following is incorrect?	<p>A. A function can call another function</p> <p>B. A function can be called many times in a program</p> <p>C. A function can return values input by the user</p> <p>D. A function must at least one variable parameter</p>
4	Which statement is used by a function use to return a value?	<p>A. Give</p> <p>B. Return</p> <p>C. Continue</p> <p>D. Send</p>
5	Which of the following steps takes place when function is called:	<p>A. The control moves to the function that is called</p> <p>B. All statements in the function body are executed</p> <p>C. The control returns back to the calling function</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
6	The scope of a variable refers to its:	<p>A. Length</p> <p>B. Name</p> <p>C. Accessibility</p> <p>D. Data type</p>
7	Local variables are also called:	<p>A. Automatic variables</p> <p>B. Normal variables</p> <p>C. Global variables</p> <p>D. Basic variables</p>
8	Function prototype for built-in-function are specified in:	<p>A. Source file</p> <p>B. Header file</p> <p>C. Object file</p> <p>D. Image files</p>
9	Which of the following looks for the prototypes of function used in a program?	<p>A. Linker</p> <p>B. Loader</p> <p>C. Compiler</p> <p>D. Parser</p>
10	The first line of function definition is known as:	<p>A. Function header</p> <p>B. Function body</p> <p>C. Arguments</p> <p>D. Return type</p>
11	Multiple arguments to a function are separated by:	<p>A. Comments</p> <p>B. Semicolons</p> <p>C. Colons</p> <p>D. Commas</p>
12	Function define can be written:	<p>A. Before main() function</p> <p>B. After main() function</p> <p>C. in a separate file</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
13	A type of functions written by the programmer is known as:	<p>A. User-defined</p> <p>B. Subprograms</p> <p>C. Subroutines</p> <p>D. Built-in function</p>
14	Formal arguments are also called:	<p>A. Actual arguments</p> <p>B. Dummy arguments</p> <p>C. Original arguments</p>

D. Referenced arguments

15	Which of the following is true about a function call?	A. Stops the execution of the program B. Transfer control to the called function C. Transfer control to the main function D. Resumes the execution of the function
16	The process of sending an argument to a function is called:	A. Sending B. Filtering C. Delivering D. Passing
17	Global variables are created in:	A. RAM B. ROM C. Hard Disk D. Cache
18	The parameters in function declaration are called:	A. Formal parameters B. Actual parameters C. Both a and b D. Returned parameters
19	Memory is allocated to a local variable at the time of the :	A. Declaration B. Destruction C. Definition D. First reference
20	Which of the following is true for return statement in a function?	A. It can return one value only B. It can return integer value C. It cannot return any value D. It cannot be used in a function