

Computer Science Ics Part 2 Chapter 13 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	A build-in function:	A. Cannot be redefine B. Can be redefined C. Cannot return a value D. Should be redefined
2	Global variable are created in:	A. RAM B. ROM C. Hard Disk D. Cache
3	In a C program, two function can have:	A. Same name B. Same parameters C. Same name & Same parameters D. Same name but different parameters
4	Which statement is used by a function use to return a value?	A. Give B. Return C. Continue D. Send
5	A variable declared inside a function is known as:	A. Local variable B. Global variable C. Automatic variable D. A and C
6	The parameters in function declaration are called:	A. Formal parameters B. Actual parameters C. Both a and b D. Returned parameters
7	A variable declaration outside any function is known as:	A. Global variable B. Local variable C. External variable D. Static variable
8	Another name for build-in function is:	A. User-defined function B. Arithmetic function C. Library function D. Both a and b
9	The name of actual and formal parameters:	A. May or may not be same B. Must be same C. Must be different D. Must be in lower case
10	The scope of a variable refers to its:	A. Lenght B. Name C. Accessibility D. Data type
11	Which of the following looks for the prototypes of function used in a program?	A. Linker B. Loader C. Compiler D. Parser
12	The first line of function definition is known as:	A. Function header B. Function body C. Arguments D. Return type
13	Function declaration consists of:	A. Function name B. Function return type C. Number and types of parameters D. All of these
14	The statement that activities a function is known as:	A. Function call B. Function output C. Function design D. Function definition
15	A type of function that is available as part of language is known as:	A. User-defined function B. Library function C. Sun-program

		D. Both a and b
16	Function prototype for built-in-function are specified in:	A. Source file B. Header file C. Object file D. Image files
17	Th process of sending an argument to a function is called:	A. Sending B. Filtering C. Delivering D. Passing
18	Which of the following is true about a function call?	A. Stops the execution of the program B. Transfer control to the called function C. Transfer control to the main function D. Resumes the execution of the function
19	Which of the following steps takes place when function is called:	A. The control moves to the function that is called B. All statements in the function body are executed C. The control returns back to the calling funciton D. All of these
20	The printf is a :	A. Build-in function B. User-defined function C. Local function D. Keyword