

Statistics Ics Part 1 Chapter 3 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	In which of these cases would the mode be most useful as an indicator of central tendency.	<p>A. Every value in a data set occurs exactly once</p> <p>B. All but three values in a data set occur once, three values occur 5 times each</p> <p>C. All values in a data set occur 10 times each</p> <p>D. Every observation in a data set has the same value.</p>
2	Mode of the series 2,2,2,3,3,3,2,3,3,4 is.	<p>A. 3</p> <p>B. 2 and 3</p> <p>C. 4</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
3	If the values in a series are not of equal importance, we compute the.	<p>A. Median</p> <p>B. Mean</p> <p>C. Weighted mean</p> <p>D. Harmonic mean</p>
4	Third quartile $Q_3 =$	<p>A. P_{33}</p> <p>B. D_3</p> <p>C. Median</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
5	For positive skewed distribution mean _____ Median _____ Mode.	<p>A. =</p> <p>B. <</p> <p>C. ></p> <p>D. None of these</p>
6	In symmetrical distribution mean, median & mode are always.	<p>A. zero</p> <p>B. negative</p> <p>C. Different</p> <p>D. Equal</p>
7	Departure from symmetry is called.	<p>A. Kurtosis</p> <p>B. Skewness</p> <p>C. Dispersion</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
8	Which pair of measures cannot be calculated when one of the numbers in the series is zero.	<p>A. G.M and A.M</p> <p>B. G.M and H.M</p> <p>C. H.M and A.M</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
9	Which of the following averages cannot be calculated from the observations 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8,10,10	<p>A. Mean</p> <p>B. Median</p> <p>C. Mode</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
10	When all the values in a series occur the same number of times, then it is not possible to compute the.	<p>A. Mean</p> <p>B. Median</p> <p>C. Mode</p> <p>D. Weighted mean</p>
11	The sum of squared deviations is minimum, when deviations are taken from	<p>A. Mean</p> <p>B. Median</p> <p>C. Mode</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
12	The mid value of the arrayed data is called	<p>A. Median</p> <p>B. Mode</p> <p>C. Mean</p> <p>D. Geometric mean</p>
13	The mean of a constant 'a' is.	<p>A. 0</p> <p>B. $a/2$</p> <p>C. a^2</p> <p>D. P_{75}</p>
14	The most central value of an arrayed data is.	<p>A. Mode</p> <p>B. Median</p> <p>C. Mean</p> <p>D. Harmonic mean</p>

15	The letter μ is	A. German B. Latin C. Greek D. None of these
16	In a symmetrical distribution $Q_1 = 20$, Median = 30 the Q_3 is:	A. 50 B. 40 C. 30 D. 60
17	Is a symmetrical distribution.	A. $Q_1 = Q_3$ B. $P_{25} = P_{50} = P_{75}$ C. A.M = G.M = H.M D. A.M = Med = Mode
18	The formula for the lower quartile is	
19	The median divides the data into	A. Two halves B. Four quarters C. Single unit D. Six parts
20	Mode 2, 10 and 7 is.	A. 2 B. 7 C. 10 D. None of these