

ICS Part 1 English Chapter 3 Online Test

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| 1 | Choose the correct option for each questions. The bird's flight is compared to. | A. Leaves falling from a tree B. Waves crashign on the shere C. Oars dividing the ocean D. Wind blowig though the trees |
| 2 | What did the speaker offer the bird. | A. A seed B. A piece of cake C. A Crumb D. A worm |
| 3 | "And rowed him soter Home | A. Swam B. Wetly C. Silently D. Heavily |
| 4 | "Leap, Plashless as they swim." | A. Noisily B. Wetly C. silently D. Heavily |
| 5 | "And he unrolled his feathers." | A. Folded B. Ruffled C. Unfuried D. Cleaned |
| 6 | Choose the option tha tis the best synonym in the context of the text. "They looked like Frightened Beads, I thought." | A. scared B. Curious C. Calm D. Angry |
| 7 | Choose the correct option for each question. What is the tone of the poem | A. Tense and suspenseful B. Joyful and celebratory C. Calm and reflective D. Angry and resentful |
| 8 | He bitt an angleworm in halves What type of imagery is used in this line. | A. Visual imagery B. auditory imagery C. tactile imagery D. Olfactory imagery |
| 9 | " I offered him a Crumbb." | A. Demanded B. concealed C. Presented D. consumed |
| 10 | Choose the option that is the best synonym in the context of the text. "And ate the fellow Raw. " | A. Crude B. Cooked C. Prepared D. Tender |
| 11 | Choose the correct option for each question What does thebird do after the speaker offers it a crumb | A. Files away B. Easts the crumb C. Sings a song D. Hops closer to the speaker |
| 12 | Choose the correct option for each question How does the speker describe gthe bird's eyes. | A. Bright as the sun B. Like frightened Beads C. Like sparking jewels D. As calm and screne |
| 13 | In the context of the poem, the poet's description of the bird's killing of the worm is an example of. | A. Oxymoron B. Simile C. Euphemism D. hyperbole |
| 14 | And then hopped sidewise to the wall. What type of imagery is used here. | A. Tactile imagery B. Gustatory imagery C. Visual imagery D. Auditory imagery |
| 15 | "From a Conventient Grass." | A. Distant B. Accessible C. Difficult D. Decorative |

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| 16 | Which of the following lines from the poem contains an example of figurative language. | A. He bit an angleworm in halves. B. and he unrolled his feathers C. Than Oars divide the Ocean D. And he unrolled his feathers E. he stirred his Velvet head |
| 17 | Which of the following best represents an oxymoron, even if not explicitly used in the poem. | A. He glance dwith rapid eyes B. They looked like frightened beads C. The grass divides as with a comb D. A bird came down the walk |
| 18 | Which poetic device is most clearly used in the line . They looked like frightened beads. | A. oxymoron B. euphemism C. Simile D. metaphor |
| 19 | The poem compares the birds flight to which two things. | A. Fish swimming and clouds drifting B. Oars dividing the ocean and Butterflies leaping C. Leaves falling and wind blowing D. rain dropping and rivers flowing |
| 20 | Butterflies, off banks of Noon. Which figure of speech is used here. | A. Simile B. personification C. alliteration D. Metaphor |