

Economics Ics Part 1 English Medium Chapter 8 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Underemployment of labour means	A. a worker does not get full time job B. a worker is not happy with present job C. a person does not get job according to his qualification D. a and c of above
2	Efficiency of labour is not affected by	A. attitude of worker B. attitude of employer C. attitude of wife/husband D. all affect
3	If a farmer moves from village to a town and establishes a small factory, it is a kind of mobility	A. geographical B. occupational C. social D. all of the above
4	This is <i>NOT</i> the result of specialization	A. increased production B. improvement in quality of product C. increase in cost of production D. increase in trade
5	About labour we can say with certainty that it is	A. Perishable B. Hirable C. Reliable D. all of the above
6	Every country should have population	A. minimum B. constant C. optimum D. fast growing
7	According to Malthus, population increase by	A. arithmetic progression B. geometric progression C. systematic progression D. automatic progression
8	Unemployment due to mechanization of agriculture is	A. seasonal B. structural C. industrial D. personal
9	Labour force participation rate is the	A. proportion of population that is working B. proportion of population aged above 20 C. proportion of skilled workers D. proportion of female workers to male workers
10	An example of labour is	A. gambler B. jogger C. computer engineer D. all of the above
11	Estimate of Pakistan's population for 2013 is	A. 185 million B. 285 million C. 385 million D. 485 million
12	To reduce unemployment the govt. may	A. reduce money supply B. reduce mobility of labour C. reduce minimum wages D. increase government spending
13	Saqib graduated one month ago. He is still unemployed. His unemployment is	A. structural B. frictional C. seasonal D. personal
14	$y = 2^x$ is a.	A. Log function B. Linear equation C. Exponential function D. Increasing function

15	The set of skills and abilities that workers possess for production of goods and services is	A. motivation B. wealth C. human capital D. natural talent
16	$x = 5y^{-1}$ this is a.	A. Constant function B. Explicit function C. Inverse function D. Decreasing function
17	Rickshaw has replaced tonga as local transport. As a result the tonga-drivers have become unemployed. Such unemployment is called	A. structural B. frictional C. seasonal D. personal
18	In Pakistan rate of labour participation is	A. 13% B. 23% C. 33% D. 43%
19	Specialization of labour has the advantage.	A. increased production B. introduction of new technology C. increases in self-sufficiency D. a and b of above
20	All labour is	A. homogeneous B. heterogeneous C. lazy D. intelligent