

## Principles of Accounting Icom Part 2 English Medium Chapter 7 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The Decision in Garner Va. Murray was given in.	A. 1905 B. 1904 C. 1804 D. 1933
2	In case of dissolution if there is any undivided profit are reserve should be credited to.	A. Partners capital accounts B. Realization accounts C. Reserve account D. Revaluation accounts
3	When a firm dissolved with the consent of all the partners it is called.	A. Dissolution by notice B. Dissolution by agreement C. Dissolution by court D. Compulsory dissolution
4	Where a partner become unsound mind the dissolution is considered as.	A. Dissolution by court B. Dissolution by Notice C. Dissolution by agreement D. Compulsory dissolution
5	Un recorded liability when paid on dissolution of the firmis debited to.	A. Realization account B. Liability account C. Partners capital account D. None of these
6	At the time of dissolution, all the assets of the firm are transferred in the realization account at.	A. Market value B. Book value C. Cost value D. Bale value
7	The balance of realization account is transferred to the capital accounts of the partners in.	A. Capital ratio B. Equality C. Interest ratio D. Profit sharing ratio
8	The partnership may come to an end due to the	A. Death of a partner B. Involvency of a partner C. Both of the above D. None of these
9	Relization account is opened to find out gain or loss at the time of.	A. Admisson of a new partner B. Retirement of the partner C. Death of the partners D. None of these
10	In case of Garner Vs. Murray rule, the decision was given is.	A. Mr. Justice james B. Mr Garner C. Mr. Justice joyee D. Mr. Murray
11	On the dissolution of the partnership unrecorded assets if takes away by the partners is debited to.	A. Realization account B. Partners capital account C. Assets account D. None of these
12	Realizaton account is a.	A. Nominal account B. Real account C. Personal account D. Cash account
13	If any partner takes over any asset at the time of dissolution then it should be debited to.	A. Partner's capital accounts B. Realization account C. Cash account D. None of these
14	The end or termination of partnership is called.	A. Amalgamation B. Dissolution C. Retirement D. Admission
15	In the absence of any agreement Reserve on dissolution of a partnership firm is credited to the partners.	A. In capital ratio B. In profit sharing ratio C. Equality D. None of these

16	In case of dissolution, assets sold for cash are debited to	A. Realization account B. Cash account C. Assets account D. None of these
17	According to the decision in Garner Va. Murray rule the loss due to insolvency of a partner is to be shared by solvent partner in the.	A. Capital ratios B. Profit sharing ratios C. Equal ratios D. None of these
18	If all the partners but one is solvent it is.	A. Compulsory dissolution of firm B. Dissolution by agreement C. Or may not cause dissolution D. None of these
19	Reserve for bad and doubtful debts appearing in the books of accounts at the time of dissolution should be transferred to.	A. Realization account B. Revaluation account C. Debtors account D. None of these
20	As per the decision in Garner Va. Murray the solvent partner bring in cash equal to their share of.	A. Realization loss B. Profit ratio C. Capital ratio D. None of these