

## Principles of Accounting Icom Part 2 English Medium Chapter 7 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Realization account is a.	A. Nominal account B. Real account C. Personal account D. Cash account
2	General reserve at the time of dissolution is transferred to	A. All partners capital accounts B. Realization account C. Solvent partners capital account D. Insolvent partner's capital account
3	At the time of dissolution, all the assets of the firm are transferred in the realization account at.	A. Market value B. Book value C. Cost value D. Bale value
4	The balance of revaluation account is transferred to the capital accounts of the partners in.	A. Profit sharing ratios B. Capital ratios C. Equality D. None of these
5	If all the partners but one is solvent it is.	A. Compulsory dissolution of firm B. Dissolution by agreement C. Or may not cause dissolution D. None of these
6	In case of dissolution, assets sold for cash are debited to	A. Realization account B. Cash account C. Assets account D. None of these
7	The partnership may come to an end due to the	A. Death of a partner B. Involucy of a partner C. Both of the above D. None of these
8	As per the decision in Garner Va. Murray the solvent partner bring in cash equal to their share of.	A. Realization loss B. Profit ratio C. Capital ratio D. None of these
9	Where a partner become unsound mind the dissolution is considered as.	A. Dissolution by court B. Dissolution by Notice C. Dissolution by agreement D. Compulsory dissolution
10	According to the decision in Garner Va. Murray rule the loss due to insolvency of a partner is be shared by solvent, partner in the.	A. Capital ratios B. Profit sharing ratios C. Equal ratios D. None of these
11	The Decision in Garner Va. Murray was given in.	A. 1905 B. 1904 C. 1804 D. 1933
12	Realization account is opened to find out gain or loss at the time of.	A. Admission of a new partner B. Retirement of the partner C. Death of the partners D. None of these
13	Reserve for bad and doubtful debts appearing in the books of accounts at the time of dissolution should be transferred to.	A. Realization account B. Revaluation account C. Debtors account D. None of these
14	The end or termination of partnership is called.	A. Amalgamation B. Dissolution C. Retirement D. Admission
15	In case of dissolution if there is any undivided profit or reserve should be credited to.	A. Partners capital accounts B. Realization accounts C. Reserve account D. Revaluation accounts

16	The balance of realization account is transferred to the capital accounts of the partners in.	A. Capital ratio B. Equality C. Interest ratio D. Profit sharing ratio
17	If any partner takes the responsibility to pay the liabilities of the firm at the time of dissolution then it should be credited to.	A. Partner's capital account B. Realization account C. Liabilities accounts D. Cash accounts
18	If any partner takes over any asset at the time of dissolution then it should be debited to.	A. Partner's capital accounts B. Realization account C. Cash account D. None of these
19	In the absence of any agreement Reserve on dissolution of a partnership firm is credited to the partners.	A. In capital ratio B. In profit sharing ratio C. Equality D. None of these
20	When a firm dissolved with the consent of all the partners it is called.	A. Dissolution by notice B. Dissolution by agreement C. Dissolution by court D. Compulsory dissolution