

Business Statistics Icom Part 2 English Medium Chapter 1 Online Test

Cr.	Ougations	Anguero Chaica
Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Data classified by attributes is called.	A. Quantitative B. Qualitative C. Numerical D. None of above
2	Population represents.	A. Universe B. All cases in a particular study C. Some cases in a paticular study D. Both a and c
3	Sedondary data , grouped data and published data are.	A. Antonymous terms B. Synonymous terms C. Opposite terms
4	Statistics are.	A. Collected for a predetermined purpose B. Always numerically expressed C. Aggregate of facts D. All of these
5	A qualitative variable is also caled.	A. Statistic B. Parameter C. Constant D. Attribute
6	Example of inferential statistics is.	A. Percentage of skilled workers in Pakistan B. Estimate of increase in prices in the next year C. Both a and b D. Percntage of students in a class
7	Statistics has origin in.	A. Latin word 'Status' B. Italian word 'Statista" C. German word 'Statistik' D. All of these
8	The data whihc have not undergone any statistical treatment repersent.	A. Primary data B. Secondary data C. Refined data
9	In statistics, collection of related obserations is called.	A. Data B. Information C. Attribute
10	Colour of flowers, beauty, educatinal level, eye colour, intellegence are example of.	A. Qualitative data B. Numerical data C. Quantative data D. Countinius data
11	Counting of data about all cases in a particualr study is called.	A. Sample B. Population C. Census D. Universe
12	Statistics is the back bone of.	A. Mathematics B. Science C. Accounting D. Research
13	Un arranged and unrefined data represent.	A. Primary data B. Secondary data C. Publshed data D. All of above
14	All elements in a particualr case represent.	A. Universe B. Sample C. Population D. Both a and c
15	Another name of population	A. Parameter B. Unierse C. Census D. Attribute

6	Students divided into different groops according to their intelligence will generate	A. Numerical dataB. Quantitive dataC. Qualitative dataD. None of these
7	The mathmatical science of making decisions and drawing conclusions from data in situations of uncertainty is called.	A. Statistics B. Applied mathematics C. Experimental science D. Mathmatical
18	First -hand colleted data is called.	A. Grouped data B. Primary data C. Secondary data D. Both a and c
9	Primary data , ungrouped dtata and unpublishe data are	A. Synonymous terms B. Antonymous terms. C. Opposite terms
20	A descriptive measure of sample is called.	A. Statistics B. Statistic C. Parameter D. None of these