

Principle of Commerce Icom Part 1 English Medium Chapter 13 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	If the trader does not want to get the goods himself, he issues to the officials	A. Bill of entry B. Bill of sight C. Delivery order D. Bill of lading
2	How many important terms of import trade	A. 18 B. 19 C. 20 D. 21
3	If the importer cannot supply the details of goods to customer officials then he gives an application to them to examine the goods, this statement is called	A. Bill of sight B. Bill of lading C. Bill of entry D. Bill of order
4	A price, which includes cost of goods plus delivery charges, dock charges, ship freight, export duty and loading charges are called	A. Ex-ship charges B. In bond price C. Duty paid D. Custom duties
5	The source of importing goods	A. WholesalerB. Indent firmC. Foreign purchase officeD. All the above
6	The source of importing goods:	A. Wholesaler (trader)B. Indent firmC. Foreign purchase officeD. All of the above
7	Import means the purchase of goods and services from foreign countries are called	A. Import trade B. Export trade C. Both a and b D. None of these
8	Choose the full form of F.A.S	A. Free Alongside Ship B. Foreign Agricultural Service C. Federation of American Scientists D. None of these
9	The indent in which the complete detail of goods is written called	A. Close indent B. Open indent C. Complete indent D. None of these
10	Choose the correct full form of F.O.B	A. Free On Board B. Forward Operating Base C. Fall Out Boy D. Freight On Board
11	The indent in which the complete detail of goods is written called:	A. Close indent B. Open indent C. complete indent D. None of these
12	Choose the correct full form of C&F	A. Cost & Description B. < Span style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34); font-family: arial, sans-serif; font-size: small;">Cost & Description C. < Span style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34, 34); font-size: gmall;">Cost & Span Style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34, 34); font-size: gmall;">Cost & Span Style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34, 34); font-size: gmall;">Cost & Span Style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34, 34); font-size: gmall;">Cost & Span Style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34, 34); font-size: gmall;">Cost & Span Style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34, 34); font-size: gmall;">Cost & Span Style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34, 34); font-size: gmall;">Cost & Span Style="color: rgb(34, 34, 34); font-size: gmall;">Cost & Span Style="colo

		34); tont-tamily: arial, sans-serif; tont- size: small;">Carriage & Samp; Freight D. Carriage & Samp; Freight
13	After the arrival of goods at port, the importer presents its complete detail to custom officials, this detail is called:	A. Bill of lading B. Bill of sight C. Bill of entry D. None of these
14	If the price of goods includes the expense till custom duty, it is called:	A. Duty paid B. Custom paid C. Inbond D. None of these
15	An import trader can get himself registered under	A. Import and export control act 1950 B. Import and export control act 1952 C. Import and export control act 1975 D. None of these
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18	If the importer cannot supply the details of goods to customer officials then he gives an application to them to examine the goods, this statement is called:	A. Bill of sight B. Bill of lading C. Bill of entry D. Bill of order
19	A price, which includes cost of goods plus custom duty and all its relevant expenses up to this stage are called	A. Duty paid B. In bond price C. Custom duties D. Excise duty
20	When goods are received in home country after purchasing them from other countries is called	A. Import trade B. Export trade C. Both a and b D. None of these