

10th Class General Math English Medium Online Test For Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The union of two rays with the common end point is called:	A. arm B. vertex C. angle D. midpoint
2	If a $x^2 + 1$ is divided by $x + 1$, then the remainder is:	A. 0 B. 1 C. 2 D. 3
3	$1kl = ?$	A. $1\text{ m}^{\sup>3\</sup>}$ B. $10\text{ cm}^{\sup>3\</sup>}$ C. $10\text{ mm}^{\sup>3\</sup>}$ D. $1\text{ m}^{\sup>4\</sup>}$
4	The altitudes of a triangle are:	A. concurrent B. collinear C. non-collinear D. non-concurrent
5	The volume of a sphere is:	A. $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^2$ B. $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2$ C. $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ D. πr^2
6	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100%; height: 20px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">Question Image</div>	A. 2-By -1 B. 1-By-2 C. 3-By-2 D. 3-by-1
7	Who gave idea of plane:	A. John Napier B. Jobst burgi C. Descartes D. Arthur cayley
8	A parallelogram containing right angles is called a:	A. equilateral B. rectangle C. quadrilateral D. square
9	A parallelogram containing a right angle is called a:	A. quadrilateral B. square C. rectangle D. equilateral
10	The solution set of absolute equation $ x - 3 = 5$ is:	A. (2,8) B. (-2,8) C. (-2,-8) D. (2,-8)
11	The origin has coordinates:	A. (0,1) B. (1,0) C. (1,1) D. (0,0)

12	$(AB)^t = ?$	A. $At + Bt$ B. $AtBt$ C. $BtAt$ D. AB
13	Type of algebraic expressions are:	A. Polynomial , Rational expression B. Rational expression, irrational expression C. irrational expression , Polynomial D. Polynomial , Rational expression , Irrational expression
14	The altitude of a triangle are:	A. concurrent B. collinear C. non-collinear D. non-concurrent
15	The area of an equilateral triangle with side 'a' is:	A. $\frac{1}{2}\pi r^2$ B. $3a^2/2$ C. $\frac{\sqrt{3}a^2}{2}$ D. $2\pi r^2$
16	The centroid of a triangle divides each one of the medians in the ratio:	A. 1:1 B. 1:2 C. 2:1 D. 2:2
17	The point of intersection of the perpendicular bisectors of the sides of a triangle meet is called	A. circum-center of the triangle B. incenter of the triangle C. centroid of the triangle D. orthocenter of the triangle
18	Point (2,-4) lies in:	A. I-quadrant B. II-quadrant C. III-quadrant D. IV-quadrant
19	The area of four walls of a room when length breadth and height of a room are given is:	A. $l \times b$ B. $2h(l + b)$ C. $h(l + b)$ D. $2(l+b)$
20	A triangle with two equal sides is called an:	A. isosceles triangle B. obtuse triangle C. scalene triangle D. acute triangle