

GAT-C Agriculture, Veterinary, Biological & Related Science Verbal

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The unruly behaviour of the soldiers ----- their commander.	A. Incensed B. Aggrieved C. Impeached D. Tempered E. Clashed
2	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Tenderness:	A. Hooliganism B. Barbarity C. Roughness D. Cruelty E. Kindness
3	PARCHMENT : PAPER	A. Pity : Feeling B. Book : Paging C. Trees : Lumber D. Quill : Pen
4	Complete Sentence Any leader who allows nepotism to flourish should be subject to	A. Stringency B. Punish C. Autopsy D. Condemnation
5	He _____ sometimes force himself to work on till late in the night only to find himself unable to do anything the next day.	A. Could B. Used to C. Would D. Would be E. Should
6	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Odious:	A. Familiar B. Pleasant C. Insignificant D. Cacophony E. Detestful
7	DIET : REGIMEN	A. Teasing : Provocation B. Laughter : Irrepressible C. Appraisal : Army D. Revolutionaries : Intrigue
8	Complete Sentence Nighat is kind; her husband is not a man.	A. Such B. Like C. So D. As well
9	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Hectic:	A. Infidel B. Disbeliever C. Frantic D. Feverish E. Calm
10	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning. Calamity:	A. Catastrophe B. Condition C. Disaster D. Misfortune E. Blessing
11	He said that there was no going back because his decision was-----.	A. Peremptory B. Permeditated C. Parsimonious D. Palatable
12	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Bleak:	A. Cheerful B. Erupt C. Dismal D. Desolate E. Weak
13	Choose the word/phrase related to given word/phrase Fish: SHOAL	A. Shark: School B. Whale: Herd C. Elephant: Flock D. Audience: Theatre
14	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Nimble:	A. Agile B. Slow C. Active

15 Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning
Reville:

- A. Praise
- B. Insult
- C. Scold
- D. Disparage
- E. Lambaste

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The Romans--for centuries is the masters of war and politics Europe,Northern Africa,and Asia Minor---have often been criticised for producing few original thinkers outside the realm of politics.This criticism while in many ways true,is not without its problems.it was after all the conquest of Greece that provided Rome with its greatest influx of educated subjects two of the great disasters in intellectual history---the murder of Archimedes and the burning of Alexandria's library ---both occurred under Rome's watch.Nevertheless,a city that was able to conquer so much of the known world could not have been devoid of the creativity that characterizes so many other ancient empires.Engineering is one endeavour in which the Romans showed themselves capable.Their aqueducts carried water hundreds of miles along the tops vast arcades.Roman roads built for the rapid deployment of troops,crisscross Europe and still form the basis of numerous modern highways that provide quick access between many major European and African cities,indeed a large number of these cities owe their prominence to Rome's economic and political influence.Many of those major cities lie far beyond rome's original's province,and Latin-derived languages are spoken in most Southern European nations.Again a result of military influence,the popularity of Latin and its offspring is difficult to overestimate.During the centuries of ignorance and violence that followed Rome's decline, the Latin language was the glue that held together the identity of an entire continent.While seldom spoken today,it is still studied widely if only so that such master of rhetoric as Cicero can be read in the original.It is Cicero and his like who are perhaps the most overlooked legacy of Rome.While far from being a democracy,Rome did leave behind useful political tool that serve the American republic today."Republic" itself is Latin for "the people's business" a notion cherished in democracies worldwide.Senators owe their name to Rome's class of elders; Representatives owe theirs to the Tributes who seized popular prerogatives from the Senatorial class.The veto was a Roman notion adopted by the historically aware framers of the Constitution,who often assumed pen names from the lexion of Latin life.These accomplishments,as monumental as any highway of coliseum,remain prominent features of the Western landscape.i.The author describes "two of the great disasters in intellectual history" (lines 9-12) in order to:

- A. Establish a point directly related to the main argument
- B. Show that certain historical claims are inaccurate
- C. Demonstrate the importance of certain historical data
- D. Disprove the claims made by other with a different view
- E. Concede the partial accuracy of an opposing view.

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Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning
Ameliorate:

- A. Change
- B. Worsen
- C. Modify
- D. Convert
- E. Decrease

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Choose the word/phrase related to given word/phrase
LIEUTENANT: ARMY

- A. Housewife: Home
- B. Book: Library
- C. Captain: Ship
- D. Manager: Employees

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Choose the word/phrase related to given word/phrase
BRASS: METAL

- A. Gold: Ornament
- B. Dress: Garment
- C. Fountain Pen: Paper
- D. Diamond: Stone

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In the Twentieth Century, physicists have made their greatest discoveries about the characteristics of _____ objects like the atom and its parts.

- A. Infinitesimal
- B. Infinite
- C. Microscopic
- D. Kaledoscopic
- E. Intangible