

GAT-C Agriculture, Veterinary, Biological & Related Science Verbal

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Promiscuous:	A. Indiscriminate B. Selective C. Sharp D. Perplex E. Alternative
2	Complete Sentence The latest research indicates that feelings of love occur in the nonverbal part of brain, which helps to explain why people are often able to experience such feelings but not them.	A. Convey B. Remove C. Explain D. Believe
3	FROWN : GROAN	A. Stroll : Amble B. Clown : Crone C. Strained : Wit D. Grin : Guffaw
4	Complete Sentence is a criminal in England and covers cases where offensive descriptions of Christianity are published.	A. Blasphemy, offence B. Obscenity, deviation C. Heathenism, act D. Sacrilege, violence E. Impiety, transgression
5	When we are suddenly confronted with any terrible danger, the change of nature we undergo is equally great. In some cases, fear paralyses us. Like animals we stand powerless to move a step in fright or to lift a hand in defence of our lives and sometimes we are seized with panic, and again act more like the inferior animals than beings. On the other hand, frequently in case of sudden extreme peril, which cannot be escaped by fright and must be instantly faced, even the most timid men at once as if by miracle, become possessed of the necessary courage sharp quick apprehension, and swift decision. This is a miracle very common in nature. Man and the inferior animals alike, when confronted with almost certain death gather resolution from despair' but there can really be no trace of so debilitating a feeling in the person fighting, or prepared to fight for dear life. At such times, the mind is clearer than it has ever been: the nerves are steel, there is nothing felt but a wonderful strength and daring. Looking back at certain perilous moments in my own life, I remember them with a kind of joy, not that there was any joyful excitement them; but because they brought me a new experience, a new nature, as it were and lifted me for a time above myself. ii. The author names three different ways in which a man react to sudden danger. What are they?	A. He may be paralysed with fear or seized with panic, or as if by miracle, become possessed of the necessary courage and face the danger B. He may be paralysed with fear, run away or fight C. He may flee in panic or fight back or stand still D. He may be paralysed with fear, seized with panic or act like an inferior animal
6	Democratic societies from the earliest times have expected their governments to protect the weak against the strong. No 'era of good feeling' can justify discharging the police force or giving up the idea of public control over concentrated private wealth. On the other hand, it is obvious that a spirit of self-denial and moderation on the part of those who hold economic power will greatly soften the demand for absolute equality. Men are more interested in freedom and security than in an equal distribution of wealth. The extent to which Government must interfere with business, therefore, is not exactly measured by the extent to which economic power is concentrated into a few hands. The required degree of government interference depends mainly on whether economic powers are oppressively used, and on the necessity of keeping economic factors in a tolerable state of balance. But with the necessity of meeting all these dangers and threats to liberty, the powers of government are unavoidably increased, whichever political party may be in office. The growth of government is a necessary result of the growth of technology and of the problems that go with the use of machines and science. Since the Government in our nation, must take on more powers to meet its problems, there is no way to preserve freedom except by making democracy more powerful. Q: "Tolerable state of balance' in the last sentence may mean	A. An adequate level of police force B. A reasonable level of economic equality C. A reasonable amount of government interference D. A reasonable check on economic power
7	Complete Sentence I am not concerned him in that business.	A. By B. About C. For D. With
8	Complete Sentence When I was a child, I to school everyday instead of going by cycle.	A. Had walked B. Have walked C. Walked D. Have been walking
~	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning	A. Robust B. Rough

9	Wholesome:	C. Weak D. Complete E. Powerful
10	We never believed that he would resort to ----- in order to achieve his end, we always regarded him as an honest man.	A. Subterfuge B. Logic C. Diplomacy D. Charm E. Cunning
11	Mortal	A. Immortal B. Divine C. Eternal D. Spiritual
12	Complete Sentence Through a circumstance, they unexpectedly found themselves on the same bus with Mohsin.	A. Referential B. Fortuitous C. Lumbent D. Elusive
13	Complete Sentence Faced with these massive changes, the government keeps its own counsel, although generally benevolent, it has always been regime.	A. Reticent B. Indifferent C. Altruistic D. Unpredictable
14	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Alloy:	A. Alert B. Vigilant C. Arouse D. Awaken E. Energetic
15	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Hummock:	A. Vale B. Fury C. Wickedness D. Scorn E. Stock
16	RUNE : ALPHABET	A. Range : Mountain B. Team : Player C. Suspicious : Thief D. Star : Constellation
17	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Merial:	A. Humble B. Servile C. Notion D. Noble E. Degrading
18	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Seldom:	A. Rarely B. Daily C. Often D. Never E. Scarcely
19	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning False:	A. True B. Genuine C. Correct D. Proper E. Erroneous
20	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Rotund:	A. Remaining B. Girth C. Crammed D. Angular E. Excommunicated