

GAT-C Agriculture, Veterinary, Biological & Related Science Verbal

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Attract:	A. Repulse B. Reject C. Repel D. Distract E. Absorb
2	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Averse:	A. Willing B. Unwilling C. Refusal D. Rejection E. Contrary
3	Complete Sentence I decided to sell a piece of land when I was offered a more price.	A. True B. Realistic C. Exact D. Correct
4	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Inundate:	A. Drain B. Flood C. Cabal D. Flow E. Swamp
5	Complete Sentence He is so lazy that he	A. Cant delay the schedule of completing the work B. Cant depend on others for getting his work done C. Always extends help to others to complete their work D. Can seldom complete his work on time E. Dislikes to postpone the work that the undertakes to do
6	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Inclement:	A. Pleasant B. Serene C. Beautiful D. Attractive E. Gloomy
7	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Tame:	A. Haughty B. Wild C. Naughty D. Naive E. Bland
8	Liability	A. Assets B. Property C. Treasure D. Debt
9	In the world of today, material values take precedence _____ spiritual values.	A. At B. On C. Over D. About
10	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Perpetual:	A. Just B. Discontinue C. Momentary D. Ordinary E. Continuing
11	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Flippant:	A. Considerate B. Saucy C. Pert D. Cross E. Rude
12	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Vividly:	A. Unintentionally B. Unimpressively C. Unscrupulously D. Unwillingly E. Unpopular
	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning	A. Favouritism

13	Choose the word which has Opposite meaning Proclivity:	B. Joining C. Insult D. Acclivity E. None of these
14	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Lend:	A. Hire B. Pawn C. Cheat D. Borrow E. Donate
15	Complete Sentence The High Court, is striking down the state law, ruled the statute had been enacted in an atmosphere charged with religious convictions which had the law-making process.	A. Repealed B. Infected C. Written D. Influenced
16	ARCHITECT : BLUE PRINT	A. Mason : Wall B. Knight : Rider C. High : Low D. Pugilist : Victory
17	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Obesity:	A. Fatness B. Leanness C. Tallness D. Aristocracy E. Corpulence
18	After submitting his resignation Albert came out and took the long narrow road leading to the railway station which was one of the busiest roads in the city. Sad and depressed and worried about looking for a new job Albert looked around for a cigarette shop. He walked up to the end of the road but found no tobacconist. It was odd that such a busy thoroughfare with thousands of people passing through did not even have a single cigarette shop. He suddenly felt that it was no longer necessary for him to hunt for a job. He decided to open a tobacco shop himself. It was bound to be profitable, he felt. v. A cigarette shop on a busy road was bound to be profitable because:	A. Cigarettes are inexpensive items and people buy them willingly B. A cigarette shop on a busy road would attract a large number of customers C. Cigarette shops are known to make a great deal of profit D. Any shop on a busy street would attract a large number of customers
19	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Probity:	A. Corruptibility B. Search C. Caution D. Difficulty E. Chance
20	The past decade has upset many preconceptions about development and this, more than anything else, makes it difficult to be overly definite about what the next decade has in store. However, there are a few things that one can assert with some confidence. First, education, health, and productive employment are crucial both for growth and for equity. We have tended to assume that all of these are the consequences of rapid economic growth and that only growth can generate the resources required for these purposes. However, increasingly, it appears that these are better seen as the causes rather than as consequences of development. Virtually every case of successful development involves a prior improvement in literacy, technical skills, health status, and access to productive work. Second, technological competence is the most important resource endowment and it explains a far larger proportion of growth in output and trade than more conventional factors like natural resources or capital accumulation. The competence required is not just in research. In fact technological dynamism in the factory and the farm is more important than the presence of large research establishments. Third, the environmental imperative can no longer be ignored. Today, as an international issue, it is second only to disarmament. Nationally, the developmental consequences of environmental neglect are increasingly obvious. In the Pakistani context, there are at least two further factors, which reinforce the above propositions. The first is population growth. Given the pace of expansion of the population and the work force, human resource development acquires an added urgency. Population growth is also one, but not necessarily the most important factor, which underlines environmental stress in rural and urban areas. The second factor is that as a large country we cannot carve out an independent positioning in the global system without building up a substantial capacity for self-reliant growth. The acquisition of technical competence is crucial for this purpose. Until now, we have tended to treat human resource development, technology issues and environment as subsidiary to the main task of planning. The thrust has been on: quantitative expansion of infrastructure and production with a focus on production targets like tones of steel, kWh of electricity etc., capacity targets like road length, rail kilometer age; and coverage targets like number of schools and students, number of villages electrified etcetera, catching up with known technologies -Fuller use of natural resources -Maximum mobilization of financial resources. Q: According to the passage, we have so far placed more emphasis on which of the following?	A. Optimum use of available natural resources B. Increased number of basic facilities and meeting number targets C. Maximum utilization of available finances D. Following known technologies