

GAT-B Arts, Humanities & Social Science

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Consolidate:	A. Weaken B. Augment C. Isolate D. Separate E. Concentrate
2	As the last _____ slice of Arabian coastal plain bordering the continent's vast equatorial rain biologically _____ mosaic of forests, savannas, lagoons, lakes and beaches that, until recently, was virtually unknown to science	A. underdeveloped luxuriant B. uncharted..... broken C. examined.....plentiful D. undeveloped.....rich
3	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Desultory:	A. Disconnected B. Lacking order C. Pertinent D. Random E. Frequent
4	<p>Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups. While the traditional structure of education as a three layer hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core, we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important. Under modern conditions, workers need to rewind, or renew their enthusiasm, or strike out in a new direction, or improve their skills as much as any university professor. The retired and the aged have their needs as well. Educational planning, in their words, should take care of the needs of everyone. Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education. This basic defect has become all the more harmful today. A UNESCO report entitled 'Learning to Be' prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various forms of self-learning. A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents. And performance, not the period of study, should be the basis for credentials. The writing is already on the wall. In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries, the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry. For, to move in that direction means such more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education. But a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools. Also these institutions should learn to cooperate with the numerous community organizations such as libraries, museums, municipal recreational programs, health services etc.</p> <p>Q:According to the author, the concept of 'lifetime education' is</p>	A. As old as traditional education B. Still in formative stages C. In vogue in advanced countries D. Not practical
5	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Impair:	A. Enfeeble B. Improve C. Heedless D. Pamper E. Demolish
6	CHAOTIC	A. Immersive B. Orderly C. Hectic D. Nervous
7	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Preclude:	A. Admit B. Hinder C. Debar D. Casual E. Disagree
8	Famous educationist Farrukh Khan makes a career of expanding the limits of tuition jobs by starting ICON, making hetherto - impossible takes _____ through the new teaching methodology designed by his academy.	A. famous B. feasible C. fantastic D. controversial E. captivating
9	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Affectation:	A. Selection B. Pretention C. Personal D. Love E. Natural
10	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Prodigious:	A. Enormous B. Stupendous C. Extent D. Significant

		D. Difficult E. Trivial
11	Jamil was so good at mathematics that his friends considered him to be a -----.	A. Profligate B. Prodigy C. Prodigious D. Primeval E. Protocolar
12	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Onrush:	A. Flow B. Obstruction C. Force D. Blocked E. Violent
13	Complete Sentence Unlike the images in symbolist poetry which are often vague and obscure, the images of surrealist poetry are startlingly and bold.	A. Trivial B. Concrete C. Furtive D. Virulent
14	Choose the word/phrase related to given word/phrase NOSE: FACE	A. Hand: Palm B. Mountain: Surface C. Chair: Platform D. Flag: Pole
15	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning isolation:	A. Seclusion B. Segregation C. Association D. Hardihood E. Hardness
16	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Peer:	A. Equivalent B. Equal C. Certain D. Unequal E. Examine
17	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Germane:	A. Total B. Related C. unrelated D. Brave E. Cowardly
18	There was a marked difference of quality between the personages who haunted the near bridge of brick and the personages who hunted the far one of stone. Those of lowest character preferred the former, adjoining the town: they did not mind the glare of the public eye. They had been of no account during their success and though they might feel dispirited they had no sense of shame in their ruin. Instead of sighing at their adversaries they spat, and instead of saying the iron had entered into their luck. The miserables who would pause on the remoter bridge were of a politer stamp—persons who did not know how to get rid of the weary time. The eyes species were mostly directed over the parapet upon the running water below. While one on the downward bridge did not mind who saw him so and kept his back to the parapet to survey the passerby, one on this never faced the road, never a stranger approached, as if some strange fish interested him though every finned thing had been poached out of the river years before. The two bridges were known:	A. For attaching dejected people to them B. For being equidistant from town C. For being haunted places D. For their similar design
19	Choose the word/phrase related to given word/phrase CONDONE: OFFENCE	A. Punish: Criminal B. Mitigate; Penitence C. Overlook: Aberration D. Mistake: Judgement
20	Diplomacy is the best means of _____ which a society of sovereign nations has to offer, but, especially under the conditions of _____ world politics and of contemporary war, it is not good enough.	A. Maintaining, Today's B. Presenting, Contemporary C. Retaining, Present D. Promoting, Modern E. Evolving, Self-centred