

GAT-A Business and Engineering Verbal

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Complete Sentence A crescendo of metallic thuds from the market, where the iron-smiths were the pieces of metals.	A. Thrashing B. Striking C. Hammering D. Flattening
2	His monotonous voice acted like ----- and his audience was soon asleep.	A. A sedative B. An anaesthetic C. An emetic D. A purgative E. A cathartic
3	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Unctuous:	A. Rough B. Smooth C. Refined D. Overturn E. Sophisticated
4	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Grandiose:	A. Grand B. Imitation C. Pompous D. Pressive E. Simple
5	ELICIT : RESPONSE	A. RELIGION : ETHICS B. CRIME : ARREST C. ANSWER : QUESTION D. COAX : SMILE
6	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Inspid:	A. Stupid B. Tasty C. Discreet D. Feast E. Inhale
7	BEEF : JERKY	A. Corn : Flake B. Venison : Deer C. Grape : Raisin D. Meat : Sausage
8	Complete Sentence There are many dialects of English with radically different pronunciations of the same word, but the spelling of these words is	A. Shortened B. Inconstant C. Contemplated D. Uniform
9	Complete Sentence His answer was such I expected him to give.	A. As B. Like C. Which D. That
10	Choose the word/phrase related to given word/phrase SHOE: FOOT	A. Wrapper: Chocolate B. Sheet: Bed C. Cap: Hat D. Bottle: Corl
11	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Altruism:	A. Altogether B. Falsehood C. Impure D. Self Centered E. Tryst
12	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Smile:	A. Grin B. Frown C. Cry D. Shout E. Beam
13	Complete Sentence For Arshad, art became a ritual; paper and pencils were holy objects to him.	A. Futile B. Fascinating C. Sacred D. Superficial
14	The presence of armed guards at the building entrance _____ us from doing anything disruptive.	A. defeated B. excited C. irritated D. ...

15	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Adrift:	<p>D. prevented</p> <p>A. Rudderless B. Aimless C. Astray D. Detached E. Anchored</p>
16	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Rectitude:	<p>A. Firmness B. Deception C. Smoothness D. Atheism E. Reality</p>
17	<p>Democratic societies from the earliest times have expected their governments to protect the weak against the strong. No 'era of good feeling' can justify discharging the police force or giving up the idea of public control over concentrated private wealth. On the other hand, it is obvious that a spirit of self-denial and moderation on the part of those who hold economic power will greatly soften the demand for absolute equality. Men are more interested in freedom and security than in an equal distribution of wealth. The extent to which Government must interfere with business, therefore, is not exactly measured by the extent to which economic power is concentrated into a few hands. The required degree of government interference depends mainly on whether economic powers are oppressively used, and on the necessity of keeping economic factors in a tolerable state of balance.</p> <p>But with the necessity of meeting all these dangers and threats to liberty, the powers of government are unavoidably increased, whichever political party may be in office. The growth of government is a necessary result of the growth of technology and of the problems that go with the use of machines and science. Since the Government in our nation, must take on more powers to meet its problems, there is no way to preserve freedom except by making democracy more powerful.</p> <p>Q: Era of good feeling' in the paragraph refers to</p>	<p>A. Time of prosperity B. Time of adversity C. Time without government D. Time of police atrocities</p>
18	DECEIT : DIPLICITY	<p>A. Brevity : Wit B. Individually : Multiplicity C. Melancholy : Suspicion D. Determination : Tenacity</p>
19	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Sordid:	<p>A. Miserly B. Generous C. Helpful D. Open E. Vulgar</p>
20	Choose the Word Which has Opposite Meaning Oblation:	<p>A. Gift B. Option C. Rejection D. Feed E. Acceptance</p>