

Physics FSC Part 2 Chapter 19 Online MCQ's Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Using relativistic effects the location of an air craft after an hour fight can be predicated about	A. 20 m B. 50 m C. 760 m D. 780 m
2	The uncertainty principle was given by	A. De-Broglie B. Heisenberg C. Einstein D. Max Planck
3	Wave nature of light appears in	A. Pair production B. Compton effect C. Photo electric D. Interference
4	Light of 4.5 eV is incident on a Cesium surface and stopping potential is 0.25 eV, maximum K.E. of emitted electron is.	A. 4.5 eV B. 4.25 eV C. 4.75 eV D. 0.25 eV
5	The number of electrons emitted depends upon	A. Colour of target surface B. Shape of surface C. Frequency of incident light D. Intensity of incident light
6	Which is the most refined form of matter.	A. Smoke B. Fog C. Light D. Electron
7	When platinum is heated is become dull red at:	A. 900°C B. 500°C C. 800°C D. 1100°C
8	The minimum frequency needed to emit an electron from metal surface is called:	A. Work function B. Threshold frequency C. Quanta frequency D. All of above
9	The value of Stefan is constant is:	A. $4.57 \times 10^{-8} \text{ J/m}^2 \text{ K}^4$ B. $5.67 \times 10^{-8} \text{ W m}^{-2} \text{ K}^{-4}$ C. $6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ J/m}^2 \text{ K}^{-4}$ D. $7.45 \times 10^{-9} \text{ W m}^{-2} \text{ K}^{-3}$
10	Pair production cannot take place in vacuum because :	A. Mass is not conserved B. Momentum is not conserved C. Energy is not conserved D. Charge is not conserved
11	Potassium Cathodes in photocell emit electrons for a light.	A. Visible B. Infra red C. Ultra violet D. X rays
12	Minimum energy needed to escape an electron from metal surface is called:	A. Threshold energy B. Threshold frequency C. Work function D. Work ability
13	The wavelength associated with the protons moving at speed of 40 m/s is.	A. 7.20 nm B. 9.02 C. 15.7 nm D. 17.3 nm
14	The materialization of energy take place in the process of.	A. Photo electric effect B. Compton Effect C. Pair production D. Annihilation of matter

15 The dimensions of Plank's constant is same as that of.
A. Energy
B. Power
C. Acceleration
D. Angular momentum

16 The concept of direction is purely
A. Relative
B. Absolute
C. Relative to the motion
D. None of these

17 The stopping potential for a certain metal is 10 volts. Thus work function for the cathode is.
A. 10 J
B. 1.6×10^{-18} J
C. 1.6×10^{-19} J
D. 1.6×10^{-30} J

18 A positron is an anti particle of.
A. Proton
B. Electron
C. Neutron
D. Photon

19 The position has charge which is in magnitude equal to the charge on
A. Electron
B. Proton
C. "β particle"
D. All

20 The energy of photon is given by
A. $mv^2/2$
B. hf
C. $Va e$
D. mc^2