

## Biology FSC Part 2 Chapter 22 Online MCQ's Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Expression of a trait is termed as	A. Genotype B. Phenotype C. Dominance D. Wild type
2	The protective coat which surrounds the embryo is known as:	A. Amnion B. Chorion C. Allantochorion D. Chorio Allantoic
3	ABO system has four different phenotypes which are distinct from each other on the basis of specific antigens on the surface of	A. Mitochondria B. Gogli bodies C. RBC D. Centrioles
4	ABO blood group system was discovered by	A. Karl Landsteiner B. Bernstein C. Correns D. T.H.morgans
5	ABO Blood group system in man is encoded by a oolymorphic gene I on chromosome.	A. 7 B. 9 C. 10 D. 23
6	The position of gene one chromosome is called. its.	A. Allele B. Phenotype C. Locus D. Genotype
7	Genes are located at specific loci on	A. Chromatids B. Chromosomes C. Centromeres D. Homologues
8	RH blood group system is named after.	A. Discoverer B. Rhesus monkey C. Rhinoceros D. a patient
9	The gene that triggers developmental process towards maleness is.	A. TFM B. MODY C. SRY D. BOB
10	The cross which is used to find out the homozygous or heterozygous nature of the genotype is called.	A. Test cross B. Reciprocal cross C. Monohybrid cross D. Dihybrid cross
11	The maturity on set diabetes of the young is	A. an autosomal recessive trait B. An autosomal dominant trait C. A sex linked trait D. A sex influenced trait.
12	Mendelian factors were renamed as 'genes' by	A. Mendel B. Correns C. Morgan D. Johannsen
13	Blue cone monochrome may is an X linked trait is which.	A. Red cone cells are absent B. Green cone cells are absent C. Both red and green cone cells are absent D. Blue cone cells are absent
14	Secretors have dominant secretor gene 'Se' on chromosome.	A. 9 B. 19 C. 21 D. 24
15	Human skin colour is controlled by gene pairs.	A. Two to four B. Three to six C. Four to six D. Six to eight

16 Hypophosphatemic rickets is an \_\_\_\_\_ trait.

A. X - Linked  
B. Y -Linked  
C. X- and Y linked  
D. An autosomal

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17 A monochromat can perceive

A. Three colours  
B. Yellow&nbsp;colours  
C. Only one&nbsp;colour  
D. Two&nbsp;colours

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18 The individuals called universal recipients have.

A. A blood group  
B. B blood group  
C. Ab blood group  
D. O blood group

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19 Hypophosphatemia rickets is an X linked.

A. Dominant trait  
B. Over dominant trait  
C. co dominant trait  
D. Recessive trait

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20 Different alleles of a gene that are both expressed in heterozygous condition are called.

A. codominant  
B. Over dominant  
C. Complete dominant  
D. Incomplete dominant