

Biology FSC Part 2 Chapter 18 Online MCQ's Test

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| 1 | All of the following are day neutral plants except. | A. Pea B. Wheat C. Maize D. Cotton |
| 2 | Syphilis is caused by a spirochete named as. | A. Nisseria gonorrhoea B. Theponemapallidum C. Escherichia coli D. Hyponmicrobium |
| 3 | The inner soft wall of human uterus is called. | A. Ectometrium B. Exometrium C. Endometrium D. Myoul |
| 4 | In nature to p730 conversion occurs in. | A. Light B. Evening C. Morning D. Dark |
| 5 | Oviduct opens into | A. Uterus B. Cervix C. Vagina D. Bladder |
| 6 | Rapid aging and less resistance to environmental stress and diseases are limitations of. | A. Parthenocarp B. Cloning C. Phototropism D. Verbalization |
| 7 | If fertilization does not occur the corpus luteum starts | A. Progesterone B. Menstrual cycle C. Degenerating D. Regenerating |
| 8 | Type of asexual reproduction. | A. Fertilization B. Vernalization C. Photoperiodism D. Apomixes |
| 9 | Photoperiod effects flowering when shoot meristems start producing. | A. Floral buds B. Leaves C. Lateral buds D. Branches |
| 10 | The long day plant produce flowers in the presence of photochrome. | A. P-660 B. P-770 C. P-730 D. P-600 |
| 11 | Oestrus cycle, a reproductive cycle in found in as females except. | A. Cat B. Cow C. Humanin being D. Lion |
| 12 | Reproduction is very important to the survival of. | A. Species B. Individual C. Population D. Community |
| 13 | Developing seeds are a rich source of. | A. Auxin B. Gibberellins C. Cytokinins D. All of these |
| 14 | Luteinizing hormone induces. | A. Flowering B. Vernalization C. Ovulation D. Menopause |
| 15 | Fruit development without fertilization is | A. Dormancy B. Climacteric C. Parthenocarp D. Parthenogenesis |

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| 16 | The increase of level of strongmen stimulation secretion of. | A. LH B. LTH C. TSH D. ACTH |
| 17 | Development of an egg into embryo without fertilization is called as. | A. Parthenocarp B. parthenogenesis C. Fragmentation D. Meiosis |
| 18 | In honey bee, males are haploid and produce sperms by. | A. Mitosis B. Meiosis C. Apomixis D. Parthenogenesis |
| 19 | Haploid males produce sperms by mitosis. | A. Hydra B. Man C. Earth worm D. Honey bee |
| 20 | External genitalia of human male consist of a pair of testes which lie outside the body in the sac like | A. Pouch B. Marsupium C. Scrotum D. Bag |
