

Biology FSC Part 2 Chapter 16 Online MCQ's Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Positive gravitropism of root is due to.	A. Auxin B. gibberellin C. Abscisic acid D. Ethene
2	A bone is of a part of pelvic girdle.	A. Tillum B. Ischium C. Humerus D. Pubis
3	The Sclerenchyma has thick secondary walls usually impregnated with.	A. Chitin B. Pectin C. silica D. Lignin
4	Angular thickenings in their primary walls are present in.	A. Parenchyma B. Collenchyma C. Tracheids D. Sclerenchyma
5	Which one of the following is not an unpaired bone.	A. Mandible B. Vomer C. Nasal D. Sphenoid
6	Which one of the following is not a joint disease.	A. Arthritis B. sciatica C. Disc slip D. spondylosis
7	The inflammatory degenerative disease of joint is	A. Arthritis B. Sciatica C. Herniation D. Spondylosis
8	All of the following bones are associated with coxal bones, except.	A. Ilium B. Ischium C. Pubis D. Calcicle
9	Kidney health is described in terms of :	A. The number of kidney stones B. Rate of filtration C. Water retention D. Blood clot
10	Most efficient way of supporting the body is seen.	A. Fishes B. Aves C. Reptiles D. Mammals
11	Acute forms of arthritis usually result from	A. Bacterial invasion B. Viral invasion C. fungal invasion D. Severe injury
12	The loss of water due to ex osmosis from plant cells causes plant to.	A. Turgid B. Wilt C. Rupture D. Seel
13	Cardiac muscles are muscles of the	A. Liver B. Stomach C. Kidney D. Heart
14	Tetany is disease caused by.	A. Low calcium in blood B. Low sugar blood C. Low Vit. d in blood D. High calcium in blood
15	The joint that allows the movement in two directions is called.	A. Cartilaginous joints B. Hinge joints C. Synovial joints D. Ball and Socket joints

16	Bipedal locomotion freed the front appendages which become adapted for	A. Prey capture B. Flight C. Both a & b D. None of these
17	Bundle caps in sunflower stem, are formed by	A. Sclerenchyma B. Parenchyma C. Mesenchyma D. Collenchyma
18	The hyphae of fungi are	A. Phototactic B. Chemotropic C. Geotropic D. Chemotactic
19	In plants movement in response to stimulus of touch is called.	A. Phototactie B. Chemotatic C. Thigmotropism D. Nyctinasty
20	Frogs and toads also walk and hop on land due to strong	A. Forelimbs B. Hindlimbs C. Trunk D. Head
