

Biology FSC Part 2 Chapter 25 Online MCQ's Test

| C. | Ougations | Anguero Choice |
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| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
| 1 | Which of the following is macronutrient. | A. Zinc B. Iron C. Sulphur D. lodine |
| 2 | The animal that is caught and eaten is called. | A. Predator B. Host C. Prey D. Parasite |
| 3 | The existing species are the modified descendants of pre-existing ones according to: | A. Theory of special creation B. Theory of organic evolution C. Uniformitarianism D. Theory of catatrophe |
| 4 | Herbaceous stage in xerosere is the | A. First stage B. Third stage C. Fourth stage D. Last stage |
| 5 | In sub humid tropical grassland rate of primary production is more than | A. 2000 g/m ² B. 3000 g/m ² C. 4000 g/m ² D. 6000 g/m ² |
| 6 | Annual rain fall in deserts is less than | A. 25 to 50 cm B. 10 to 22 cm C. 15 - 25 cm D. 20 to 40 cm |
| 7 | An association between two organisms by which both are benefited is called. | A. Parasitism B. commensalism C. Mutualism D. Predation |
| 8 | The remoras benefit from this relationship the shark is not affected at all. | A. symbiosis B. Mycorrhiza C. Mutualism D. Commercialism |
| 9 | C-Eton defined the Niche as the species. | A. Behavior B. Role C. Address D. Habitat |
| 10 | Which one of the following would cause the hardy-weinberg principle to be inacurate? | A. The size of the population is very large. B. Individual mate with one another at random C. Natural selection is present D. There is no source of new copies of alleles from outside the population |
| 11 | A localized group of individuals belonging to the same species is called as. | A. Community B. Population C. Ecosystem D. Bio sphere |
| 12 | Macaca mulatta is commonly known as | A. Rhesus monkey B. Chimpanzee C. Apes D. Gorilla |
| 13 | Soilerosion, fire and water percolation down through the soil cause loss of. | A. Sulphates B. Carbonates C. Phosphates D. Nitrates |
| 14 | An association between organisms of different species in which one partner gets benefit and other is harmed. | A. Mutualism B. Symbiosis C. Parasitism D. Commensalsim |
| | | A. Niche |

| 15 | the basic functional unit of ecology is | B. Ecosystem C. Community D. Population |
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| 16 | The perennial plants are bushes or cacti with large shallow root systems in | A. Grassland B. Deserts C. Tundra D. Taiga |
| 17 | Biome is a | A. Simple community B. Complex community C. Regional community D. Climax community |
| 18 | Similarity in characteristics resulting from common ancestry is known as: | A. Analogy B. Homology C. Evolutionary relationship D. Phylogeny |
| 19 | Littoral invertebrate animals include | A. Small crustaceans B. Insect larvae C. Snail flatworms D. All a,b,and c |
| 20 | The whole of the world land is called. | A. Lithosphere B. Hydrosphere C. Ecosphere D. Biosphere |