

## Biology FSC Part 2 Chapter 25 Online MCQ's Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The animal that is caught and eaten is called.	A. Predator B. Host C. Prey D. Parasite
2	C-Eton defined the Niche as the species.	A. Behavior B. Role C. Address D. Habitat
3	Herbaceous stage in xerosere is the	A. First stage B. Third stage C. Fourth stage D. Last stage
4	Symbiotic association of analgaliving within fungus mycelium is known as.	A. Mycorrhiza B. Lichen C. Root Nodules D. Parasitism
5	Pinus wallichiana pinus roxbugil Abies pindrow picea smithiana Cederous deodara are plants of	A. Coniferous alpine and boreal forests B. Temperate deciduous forests C. Tropical rain forests D. Grassland ecosystem
6	In sub humid tropical grassland rate of primary production is more than	A. 2000 g/m <sup>2</sup> /sup> B. 3000&nbsp;g/m <sup>2</sup> /sup> C. 4000&nbsp;g/m <sup>2</sup> /sup> D. 6000&nbsp;g/m <sup>2</sup> /sup>
7	The term niche was first proposedly joseph Grinnell an American.	A. Embryologist B. Ecologist C. Ornithologist D. Physiologist
8	Which one of the following would cause the hardy-weinberg principle to be inaccurate?	A. The size of the population is very large. B. Individual mate with one another at random C. Natural selection is present D. There is no source of new copies of alleles from outside the population
9	In root nodules, the organisms present are.	A. Bacteria B. Algae C. Fungi D. Cyapobacteria
10	The stage in which Lichens are just like crumpled leaves attached to one point.	A. Moss stage B. Crustose Lichen stage C. Follage Lichen stage D. Shrub stage
11	Study of different communities with relation to environment is called.	A. Synecology B. Embryology C. Autecology D. Zoology
12	Biome is a	A. Simple community B. Complex community C. Regional community D. Climax community
13	Study of single population's relationship to its environment is called.	A. Niche B. Autecology C. synecology D. Predation
14	Lichen is a symbiotic association between a fungus and.	A. Gymnosperm B. Angiosperm C. An alga D. Ptterrdophyta

15	Mutualism is a type of.	A. Symbiosis B. Parasitism C. Predication D. Commensalism
16	Lithosphere includes.	A. Air B. Water C. Gases D. Earth soil
17	The whole of the world land is called.	A. Lithosphere B. Hydrosphere C. Ecosphere D. Biosphere
18	Some dominant trees of temperate deciduous forests are	A. Taxus baccata B. Pinus wallichiana C. Berberis lyceum D. Both a,b and c
19	The random loss of alleles in a population is called:	A. Mutation B. Selection C. Gene flow D. Genetic drift
20	The living organisms producing their own food.	A. Heterotrophs B. Consumers C. Green plants D. Decomposers