

English Fsc Part 1 Chapter 2 Online Test

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| 1 | The speaker privies an instance of a young man who, after studying banking, became a Manager in a banking corporation, drawing what salary in four yeears. | A. Two hundred rupees B. Five hundred rupees C. Fifteen hundred rupees a month D. Ten thousand rupees a month. |
| 2 | Choose the correct form of the verb to complete each sentence. By the end of the year, the governmentnew industries. | A. Establishes B. Will have established C. Is establishing D. Was established |
| 3 | Choose the option that is the best synonym in the context of the text. The speaker wants the youth to divert their mind, attention aims, and ambitions to other channels. | A. Fix B. Limit C. Change direction D. Ignore |
| 4 | Choose the option that is thebest synonym in the context of the text. the speaker also mentioned the dangers that still lie ahead for the nation . | A. threats B. Safety C. Advantages D. Certainties |
| 5 | Choose the option that is thebest synonym in the context of the text. Pakistan has emerged sgtronger, more chastened and better equipped than ever. | A. Arrogant B. Careless C. Disciplined D. Unyielding |
| 6 | What type of people does the speaker warn against and advise to weed out. | A. Academics B. Selfish people who only whit to exploit C. Foreign dignitaries D. Religious scholars |
| 7 | Hitherto , what traditional career path did studenss tyypically hanker for after getting their degrees. | A. Government service B. Technical education C. Private business D. Manual labor |
| 8 | Millions of people were uprotted from their homes, leading to a large influx of. | A. Tourists B. Rufugees C. Emigrants D. Workers |
| 9 | In addressing the students the Quaid-e-Azam is speaking as | A. Head of the state B. A politician C. A friend and one who holds tham in affection D. A former student |
| 10 | What is esential for the studetns to take nolte of regardin thes developments. | A. Their insignificance B. Their temporary nature C. For continued vigilance D. The need for retaliation |
| 11 | The Vice-Chancellor approached he speaker with a request to deliver the. | A. annual Report B. Convocation Address C. inaugural Address D. Fundraising Appeal |
| 12 | The speaker refers to the Vice-Chancellor's terms as. | A. Disappointing B. Professional C. Flattering D. Misleading |
| 13 | Choose the option that is thebest synonym in the context of the text. In addressing the students, the speaker emphasized that he was speaking as a friends, not as Head of the State . | A. Adversary B. Ruler C. Companion D. Stanger |
| 14 | Not only did Pakistan survive the shock of the upheaval, but it also emerged. | A. Stronger ,more chastended,and better equipped B. Weaker and less equipped C. Isolated and vulnerable D. Dependent on foreign aid |
| | | A. Cultural artifacts B. Educational grants |

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| 15 | What did India withhold from Pakistan, according to the speaker. | C. Cash balances and share of military equipment D. Diplomatic relations |
| 16 | Choose the option that is the best synonym in the context of the text. The speaker stated that they have broken the shackles of slavery and are now a free people; | A. Chains B. Ties C. Bonds D. Customs |
| 17 | The speaker states that whatever he has been able to do, he has done it as a measure of. | A. Personal ambition B. Political strategy C. Duty incumbent upon every muslim D. Academic pursuit |
| 18 | Choose the option that is the best synonym in the context of the text. Other difficulties followed in rapid succession after the initial holocaust. | A. Disarray B. Interruption C. Sequence D. Isolation |
| 19 | Those enemies who hoped to kill Pakistan at its inception by these means were. | A. Disappointed B. Successful C. Encouraged D. Satisfied |
| 20 | Freedom as defined by the speaker does not mean | A. Responsibility B. Discipline C. License D. Unity |