

Electrochemistry

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Redox reactions always involve.	A. Gain of protons B. Transfer of electrons C. Loss of neutrons D. Nuclear change
2	In a galvanic cell, the anode is	A. Negative and site of oxidation B. Positive and site of oxidation C. Negative and site of reduction D. Positive and site of reduction
3	Cell potential is the difference between	A. Temperature and pressure B. Concentration of ions C. Electrode potentials of cathode and anode D. Mass of electrodes
4	Which species is reduced in the following reaction? $\text{Zn} + \text{Cu}^{2+} \rightarrow \text{Zn}^{2+} + \text{Cu}$	A. Cu^{2+} B. Zn C. Cu D. Zn^{2+}
5	What is the unit of cell potential?	A. ampere B. Volt C. Ohm D. Farad
6	Electrolysis is used in the extraction of	A. Silver B. Gold C. Aluminum D. Mercury
7	The reducing agent in a redox reaction	A. Gains electrons B. Loss electrons C. Accepts protons D. Donates protons
8	Which metal is the best reducing agent.	A. Cu B. K C. Zn D. Fe
9	The principle of measuring DO by Winkler's Method is based on.	A. Iodimetry B. Iodometry C. Acid Base titration D. Complexometry
10	The reaction at the cathode is always	A. Oxidation B. Neutral C. Reduction D. Ionization
11	Electrolysis of CuSO_4 using copper electrodes results in	A. Increase in electrolyte concentration B. Decrease in Cu^{2+} concentration C. No change in electrolyte composition D. Formation of new compound
12	Electrolysis is the process of	A. Chemical energy into electrical B. Electrical energy into chemical C. Heat energy into mechanical D. Mechanical energy into chemical
13	Electrochemical cells convert chemical energy into	A. Electrical energy B. Heat C. Light D. Nuclear energy
14	In the Hall Heroult process, aluminum is obtained by	A. Chemical reaction B. Thermal decomposition C. Electrolysis of alumina D. Roasting and leaching

15	The numebr of coulombs required to deposit 1 mole of Ag	B. 193000 C 241250 C C. 1 C D. 241250 C
16	Electrochemical sereis helps in predicting.	A. Rate of reaction B. Type of bond C. Dircction of redox reactions D. Heat released
17	Oxidation numebrof oxygen in H ₂ O	A. 1 B. -2 C. 0 D. +1
18	If salt bridge in not used, between twohalf cells in a Galvanic cell, than the voltage.	A. Decrease slowly B. Decrease repidly C. Does not change D. Drope to zero
19	If 1 Faraday of elecricity is passed the mass deposited equals.	A. 1 gram equivalent B. 1 gram C. 1 mole D. 1 atm
20	Which of the following is not a use of electrochemistry	A. Manufacture of explosives B. Electroplating C. Extractio of metals D. Electrorefining