

## Biology Fsc Part 1 Chapter 9 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which hormone stops thesecretion of hydrochlroic acid	A. somatostain B. Secretin C. Gastrin D. Adrenalin
2	Which stomach scretion activates pepesin and kills bacteria.	A. Bile B. Hydrochloric acid C. Sodium bicarbonate D. Mucus
3	Urea is synthesized in	A. Liver B. Kidney C. Lungs D. Heart
4	What is the function of villi and microvilli in the small intestine.	A. Increase surface area for absorption B. Produce enzymes C. Store bile D. Neutralize stomach acid
5	Large intestine is involved in absorption of which vitamin	A. A B. E C. K D. D
6	Which is not part of stomach	A. Colic portion B. Cardian portion C. Fundus portion D. Pyloric
7	Emulsification of fats is done by	A. Bile B. Trypsin C. Lipase D. Maltose
8	Dipeptides are digested to amino acids. by	A. Erypsin B. Trypsin C. Pepsin D. Insulin
9	HCl is secreted by	A. Mucos cells B. Oxyntic cells C. Chief cells D. Zymogen cells
10	Secreation of gastric juice is regulated by	A. Visual mehhanism B. Nervous system C. Hormonal mechanisms D. Both b and C
11	Which hormone are secretedby duodenal walls.	A. Secretin and cholecystokinin B. Insulin and glucagon C. Gastric and secretin D. Gastri cand somatostatins
12	Pancreaic nucleases digest	A. Nucleus B. Nucleotides C. Nucleic acids D. Ncleolus
13	Pancreatic juice is secreted by which part of pancrease.	<ul><li>A. Endocrine portion</li><li>B. Exocrine portion</li><li>C. Distal portion</li><li>D. Proximal portion</li></ul>
14	Next to the caccum is	A. Colon B. Jejunum C. Duodenum D. Ileum
15	Endocine portion of pancreas secrete.	A. Insulin and Glucagon B. Gastrin and secretin C. Gastrin and somatostatin

		D. Secretin and cholecystokinin
16	Chyme is released into small interstine through.	A. Pyloric sphincter B. Cardiac sphincter C. Ileocolic sphincter D. Rectal sphincter
17	Fresh saliva has pH of	A. 2 B. 4 C. 6 D. 8
18	Bile befoe secretion is stored in	A. Gall bladder B. Swim bladder C. Urinary bladder D. Renal bladder
19	Vrmiform appendix arises for.	A. Rectum B. Ileum C. Caecum D. Jejunum
20	Why does the enzyme activity drops in the stomach when pH rises.	A. Acid blocks food entry B. Enzymes need acdic pH to work C. Enzymes denature in low pH D. Saliva dilutes gastric juice