

Biology Fsc Part 1 Chapter 12 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	the hamstring muscle originates at.	A. Pelvic gridle and top of femur B. Pectoral girdle and biceps tendon C. Pelvic gridle and lower femur D. Patella
2	Which of the following is an example of catilaginous joins.	A. Pubic symphisis B. sutures C. Hip joint D. Shoulder joint
3	The thick myofilaments create	A. A Band B. I-Band C. Z- Band D. H-Band
4	The human vertebral column has a distinctive	A. S- Shaped B. C- Shaped C. Y- Shaped D. H- Shaped
5	The adult human skeletal sysem consists ofbones.	A. 206 B. 80 C. 22 D. 365
6	In human skeleton joints serve as and bones act as.	A. Fulcrums, rods B. Rods, loadFulcrums, load C. Roads, and lever
7	Themost common type of arthritis is.	A. Osteoarthritis B. Rheumatoid arthritis C. Gout D. Ankylosing arthrits
8	Pick the odd one.	A. Vomer B. Larcimal C. Nasal D. Maxilla
9	Which of the following tissue has the ability to contract in a coordinated way to produce movements.	A. Adipose tissue B. Nervous tissue C. Muscle tissue D. Connective tissue
10	Having limited repar ability no direct blood vessels the most likely it is.	A. Cartilage B. Adipose tissue C. Liver D. Bone
11	Rotational movement around single axis is the characeristic of	A. Pivot jont B. Ball and socket joint C. Fibrous jont D. Synovial joint
12	Themost common type of joints in the humna body are.	A. Fibrous jonts B. Synovial joints C. Catilaginous joints D. All of above
13	What willbe your prbable diagnosis if a patient presnet to you with pain, numbness, tingling in affected area, bowl and bladder dysfunction.	A. Spondylosis B. Arthritis C. Herniated disc D. Sciatica
		A. Tetany B. sciatica
14	Pick the disease which is potentially life-threating and more seriious.	C. Tetamus D. Ischemia of lower limb
15	The extensors of lower leg are.	A. Quadriceps B. Hamstrings C. Rectus femoris D. Gluteus

16	When a nerve impulse reaches sarcolemmais released by motor neuron a synapse.	A. Acetylcholine B. Ca++ C. ATP D. Dopamine
17	The total numebr of halanges in an adult is	A. 56 B. 26 C. 14 D. 28
18	Thin myofilaments are aboutin diameter	A. 7-8 nm B. 1-2 micro metre C. 100 micro metre D. 16 nm
19	The middle part of long boen along the length is called.	A. Diaphysis B. Shaft C. Epiphysis D. Both a and b
20	When a muscle contracts, what does not happen.	A. Sacomere shortens B. Z-lines move apart C. H-zone disappears D. A-bands cae closer