

Biology Fsc Part 1 Chapter 10 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Emphysems is characterized by	A. Inflammation of airways B. Destruction of the alveoli in lungs C. Narrowing of airways D. Fluid buld up in lungs
2	Intercostl msucles are related to.	A. Ribs B. Lungs C. Dighramm D. Trachea
3	In what form is carbon dioxide primarily transported in the blood stream.	A. Dissolved in plasma B. Converted to bicarbonat ions C. Bound to haemoglobin D. None of the above
4	Durig swallowing epiglottis closes.	A. Glottis B. Pharynx C. nasal cavity D. Esophagus
5	Nebulizatio acan be useful in reducing inflaammatiion of nose to treat which disorder.	A. emphaysema B. Sinusitis C. Otitis media D. Chronic Bronchitis
6	Cartilage plates are not presnet in	A. tRACHEA B. Bronchi C. Bronchioles D. Epiglottis
7	Wall of trachea has which type of rings of cartilage.	A. A shaped B. B-Shaped C. C-Shaped D. D-Shaped
8	Which respiratoyr pigments is found in muscle tissue.	A. Myoglobin B. Chlorophyll C. Melanin D. Haemoglobin
9	Pneumonia is a a form of acute respiratory infetion affects.	A. Alveoli B. Trachea C. Bronchi D. Bronchioles
10	Which disease effects ear.	A. Sinusitis B. Pneumonia C. Otitis media D. Pulmonary tuberculosis
11	Which part of the boyd is affected in pulmonary tuberculosis.	A. Lungs B. Kidney C. Heart D. Eyes
12	Oxygen inside alveoli is absorbed by blood via.	A. Diffusion B. Phagocytosis C. Facilitated transport D. Active transport
13	Which is included in cellular respiration	A. Glycolysis B. Krebs Cycle C. Electron transport chain D. All of these
14	Growth of bacteria and viruses in the middle ear leads to which disorder	A. Otitis media B. Pulmonary tuberulosis C. Pneumonia D. Sinusitis
15	pH of blood is lowere by which gas produced by tissue.	A. CO2 B. Oxygen C. X2 D. Water vapours

16 Pharynx is part of both respiratory system and

A. Digestive system
B. Neuron system
C. Excretory system
D. Reproductive system

17 Cause of tuberculosis is.

A. *Mycobacterium*
B. Malnutrition
C. unhygienic environment
D. Streptococcus

18 What is the maximum amount of air that can be inhaled or exhaled during a respiratory cycle.

A. Tidal volume
B. Vital capacity
C. Inspiratory reserve volume
D. Expiratory reserve volume

19 Voice box in humans is called.

A. Larynx
B. Pharynx
C. Syrinx
D. Glottis

20 Small cavities and holes formation in lung tissues are due to.

A. Emphysema
B. Bronchitis
C. *Pulmonary tuberculosis*
D. Pneumonia
