


## FA Part 2 Mathematics Full Book Test Online

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	$y = 2x + 3$ is the;	A. Slope-intercept form B. Two points form C. Point slope form D. Intercepts form
2	Question Image <input type="text"/>	
3	The term function was introduced by:	A. Euler B. Newton C. Lagrange D. Leibniz
4	Gottfried Whilhelm Leibniz was a (an) ----- mathematician:	A. German B. English C. Swiss D. French
5	$y = b$ is a horizontal line perpendicular to _____:	A. x - axis B. y - axis may be C. y - axis D. None of these
6	The focus of the parabola $y^2 = -4ax$ is:	A. $(-a, 0)$ B. $(0, a)$ C. $(0, -a)$ D. $(a, 0)$
7	Question Image <input type="text"/>	A. Line B. Parabola C. Ellipse D. Hybperbola
8	The vertical line $y'oy$ is called:	A. x-axis B. y-axis C. abscissa D. Ordinate
9	Zero vector is perpendicular to:	A. Every vector B. Unit vector only C. Position vector only D. Not any vector
10	Question Image <input type="text"/>	
11	Question Image <input type="text"/>	A. $\sin x$ B. $-\cos x$ C. $-\sin x$ D. $\cos x$
12	Let $f(x) = x^2 + 3$ , then domain of f is:	A. Set of all integers B. Set of natural numbers C. Set of real numbers D. Set of rational numbers
13	Question Image <input type="text"/>	A. $\operatorname{sech} x \tanh x$ B. $-\operatorname{sech} x \tanh x$ C. $\operatorname{sech}^2 x$ D. $-\operatorname{sech}^2 x$
14	Measure of the central angle of a minor arc is _____ the measure of the angle subtended in the corresponding major arc.	A. Equal B. Double C. Not equal to D. Triple
15	Question Image <input type="text"/>	A. Continuous at $x = 1$ B. Not continuous at $x = 1$ C. Both a and b D. none
16	The non-negative inequalities are called:	A. Parameters B. Constants C. Decision variables D. Vertices

- 17  $\text{Cosh}^2 x + \text{Sinh}^2 x =$
- A.  $\text{Cosh } x^{2^2}$   
B.  $\text{Cosh } 2x$   
C.  $\text{Sinh } 2x$   
D.  $\text{Tanh } 2x$
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- 18 The ratio in which x-axis divides the line segment joining the points:
- A. 1 : 1  
B. 1 : 3  
C. 1 : 5  
D. 1 : 2
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- 19 
- A. 4, -4  
B. 0  
C. 2, -2  
D. 0, 4
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- 20  $x = c$  is a vertical line parallel to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. x-axis  
B. y-axis may be  
C. y-axis  
D. None of these