

FA Part 2 Mathematics Chapter 4 Test Online

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The distance between the points (1, 2), (2, 1).	A. 1 D. 2
2	The equation of a straight line which parallel to the line $3x - 2y + 5 = 0$ and passes through (2, -1) is:	A. $3x + 2y - 8 = 0$ B. $3x - 2y + 8 = 0$ C. $3x - 2y - 8 = 0$ D. $3x + 2y + 8 = 0$
3	$y = -2$ is a line:	A. Parallel to x-axis B. Parallel to y-axis C. Perpendicular to x-axis D. None of these
4	The distance between two points $P_1(x_1, y_1)$ and $P_2(x_2, y_2)$ on the co-ordinate plane is given by:	
5	If (1, x) is the mid point of the line segment joining the points (1, 2) & (1, 6) then x =	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
6	$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$ is the equation of straight line in:	A. Slope-intercept form B. Point-slope form C. Normal form D. Intercepts form
7	Joint equation of $y + 2x = 0$, $y - 3x = 0$ is:	A. $(y+2x)(y-3x) = 0$ B. $(y-2x)(y-3x) = 0$ C. $(y+2x)(y+3x) = 0$ D. $(y-2x)(y+3x) = 0$
8	If the line l is parallel to y-axis, then the slope of l is -----.	A. 0 B. 1 C. -1 D. undefined
9	The line $y = c$ is above the x - axis, if:	A. $c > 0$ B. $c < 0$ C. $c = 0$
10	If $a = 0$, then the line $ax + by + c = 0$ is parallel to:	A. y - axis B. x - axis C. along y - axis D. None of these
11	The ratio in which x-axis divides the line segment joining the points:	A. 1 : 1 B. 1 : 3 C. 1 : 5 D. 1 : 2
12	$ax + by + c = 0$ has matrix form as:	B. $ ax + by = -c $ C. $[ax + by] = [c]$ D. $[ax - by] = [-c]$
13	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	
14	The line $y = a$ is below the x-axis, if:	A. $a > 0$ B. $a < 0$ C. $a = 0$
15	The symbol \parallel is used for:	A. Parallel lines B. Perpendicular lines C. Non-parallel lines D. None of these
16	If the inclination of a line lies between $]90^\circ, 180^\circ[$, then the slope of line is :	A. Positive B. Negative C. Zero D. undefined
17	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	A. Line parallel to x-axis B. Line parallel to y-axis C. Line passing through the origin D. Both (a) and (b)

18	The point of intersection of the perpendicular bisectors of a triangle is called:	A. Centroid B. Ortho-center C. Circums-center D. In-center
19	$ax + by + c = 0$, will represent equation of straight line parallel y-axis if:	A. $a = 0$ B. $b = 0$ C. $c = 0$ D. $a = 0, c = 0$
20	Distance of the point $(-2, 3)$ from y-axis is:	A. -2 B. 2 C. 3 D. 1
