

English FA Part 2 Chapter 15 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Old script was abolished and was replaced by the script.	A. Roman B. French C. Arabic D. Persian
2	The Grand Turkish National Assembly gave the <u>verdict</u> .	A. Missile B. Decision C. Promise D. Loan
3	Meanwhile Mustafa set out to tour the villages, preaching _____	A. Reconciliation B. Simplification C. Sympathisation D. Resistance
4	Evacuate means _____	A. settle B. stay C. decorate D. go away
5	He recorded the daily <u>deterioration</u> of the position in Anatolia.	A. Worsening B. Dropping C. Sinking D. Falling
6	He set up a committee for the of the language by substituting genuine Turkish words.	A. Defilement B. Complication C. Purification D. Estrangement
7	Collaborate means _____	A. cooperate B. dissociate C. collide D. counter
8	Stupendous means _____	A. amazing by size B. small C. useless D. tiny
9	I shall stay in Anatolia until the nation has won its _____	A. Independence B. Slavery C. Subjugation D. Subordi nation
10	On assuming power Mustafa Kamal , First object was to..... the people.	A. 50 B. 80 C. 101 D. 202
11	Disband means	A. Gather B. Disperse C. Recollect D. Rearrange
12	Deterioration means	A. Fall B. Assertion C. Climax D. Betterment
13	The Ottoman capital it self was to be an international centre under the control of..... according to the peace treaty.	A. Turkey B. Pakistan C. America D. Britain
14	The Sultanate and old script was <u>abolished</u> .	A. Cancelled B. Suspended C. Restricted D. Given up
15	Mehmet IV could see no other way to regain the provinces than by <u>subtlety</u> .	A. Planning B. Mischief C. Trickiness D. Cleverness

16	Old script was abolished and was replaced by the _____ script	A. Roman B. French C. Arabic D. Persian
17	At Amisa Mustafa Kamal met Ali..... the commander of a small army centered on Ankara.	A. Faut B. Bay C. Arsalan D. Mehmet
18	Allies had condemned the Ottoman Empire to be _____ to the very walls of Istanbul	A. Stationed B. Enlarged C. Partitioned D. Vast
19	A long line of decorated entered Izmir on the 9th of September, 1922.	A. Aeroplanes B. Helicopters C. Tanks D. Cars
20	In 1922 Riffat carried out a <u>coup d'etat</u> .	A. Quick government change B. Violentgovernment change C. Revolution D. Social change
