

Education Fa Part 1 English Medium Chapter 5 Online Test

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| 1 | Attention and interest: | <p>A. Increase the pace of development</p> <p>B. Minimize the individual differences</p> <p>C. Reduce the responsibility of a teacher</p> <p>D. Both b and c</p> |
| 2 | Attention is: | <p>A. A social state</p> <p>B. A mentalstate</p> <p>C. An organicstate</p> <p>D. An aptitudinal state</p> |
| 3 | The changes due to learning: | <p>A. Do not leave any effect on individual's behavior</p> <p>B. Are not concerned with environment</p> <p>C. Enable an individual to perform his role</p> <p>D. Are concerned with heredity</p> |
| 4 | Who put forward the theory of connectionism: | <p>A. Pavlov</p> <p>B. Skinner</p> <p>C. Thorndike</p> <p>D. Watson</p> |
| 5 | Which of the following learning cannot be durable and effective: | <p>A. That is not backed up by enough practice</p> <p>B. That is backed up by a motive</p> <p>C. That is not followed by pleasant results</p> <p>D. Both B and C</p> |
| 6 | A child proceeds from infancy to: | <p>A. Childhood</p> <p>B. Neo-adolescence</p> <p>C. Adolescence</p> <p>D. Maturation</p> |
| 7 | Employing the learning by insight approach, an individual can benefit himself from various solutions of problems and thereby: | <p>A. Increases his capacities</p> <p>B. Increases his learning</p> <p>C. Determines his future line of action</p> <p>D. All of the above</p> |
| 8 | If an activity pleases a child, | <p>A. He will do it repeatedly</p> <p>B. He will make it a part of his behavior</p> <p>C. He will opt it from other options</p> <p>D. All of the above</p> |
| 9 | An individual learns through: | <p>A. Trial & error</p> <p>B. Imitations</p> <p>C. Insight</p> <p>D. All of the above</p> |
| 10 | Which of the following action is not concerned with learning by imitation: | <p>A. Observation the people doing work</p> <p>B. Solving the problems of mathematics</p> <p>C. Attempting the works of people</p> <p>D. Repeating the methodology of doing work</p> |
| 11 | Which of the following is the central point of learning through insight: | <p>A. Solution of a problem through repeated errors</p> <p>B. Observation of the behavior of others</p> <p>C. Instantly solve a problem</p> <p>D. None of the above</p> |
| 12 | The connection between stimulus and response depends on: | <p>A. The pleasure an individual gains</p> <p>B. The discomfort an individual faces</p> <p>C. The pleasure or discomfort an individual experiences</p> <p>D. None of the above</p> |
| | | <p>A. Identification of the problem</p> <p>B. Identification of the problem</p> |

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| 13 | Which of the following is the first step of learning by trial & error: | B. Realization of the solution problem C. Efforts for the solution of problem D. Remembering the solution of problem |
| 14 | Which of the following is closely associated with the effectiveness of the law of effect: | A. Learning B. Stimulus C. Response D. Sensation |
| 15 | Which of the following is produced in an individual by motivation: | A. Desire B. Courage C. Tendency D. All of the above |
| 16 | Which of the following is decided in learning by doing: | A. Goals to achieve B. Difficulties confronted C. Skills necessary for solution of difficulty D. All of the above |
| 17 | According to behaviorists, learning of an individual can be seen through: | A. Inner states B. Observable behavior C. Individual differences D. Measurement of personality |
| 18 | Attention refers to | A. Attend to an activity B. Respond to the signs coming from the outside C. Produce harmony between stimulus and response D. All of the above |
| 19 | Learning enables an individual: | A. To know the problem B. To comprehend and solve the problems C. To comprehend the problem by experience D. To remove the problem |
| 20 | Koffka and Koehler were concerned with: | A. Behaviorism B. Cognitive school of thought C. Progressivism D. Existentialism |