

Energetics

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	----- acts a catalyst promoting the breakdown of ozone.	A. I ₂ B. Br ₂ C. Cl ₂ D. None
2	Bond formation energy of one O-H bond is.....	A. 488 kJ/mol B. 484 kJ/mol C. 486 kJ/mol D. 489 kJ/mol
3	The part of the universe that we want to focus our attention called.	A. Surrounding B. Energy C. System D. Both a and b
4	The enthalpy of reaction $C + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2$	A. -571.6 kJ B. -393.5 kJ C. +53.8 kJ D. -110.5 kJ
5	The enthalpy of reaction $2H_2 + O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O$	A. -571.6 kJ B. -110.5 kJ C. -393.5 kJ D. +53.8 kJ
6	Which is not produced in an aerobic respiration.	A. Carbon dioxide B. Lactic acid C. Water D. Energy
7	----- of the energy used by traditional electric bulb is wasted in producing heat.	A. 60% B. 50% C. 70% D. 90%
8	No reaction occurs if the energy of reacting particles.....activation energy.	A. Lower than B. Greater than C. Nearest to D. Equal to
9	When old bonds are broken, the energy is.	A. Release B. Remain same C. Consume D. None of these
10	Activation energy of a chemical reaction must be..... the average kinetic energy of reacting molecules.	A. Equal to B. Greater than C. Lower than D. None of these
11	Formation of NO is	A. Exothermic B. Endothermic C. No Heat Change D. None of these
12	Aerobic respiration releases.....energy than anaerobic respiration.	A. Equal B. Less C. More D. None of these
13	-----acts are reserve energy sources.	A. Enzymes B. Vitamins C. Proteins D. Lipids
14	All chemical reaction involves.	A. Enzymes B. Catalyst C. Energy changes D. All of these
15	Bond dissociation for O ₂ is	A. 505 kJ/mol B. 705 kJ/mol C. 605 kJ/mol D. 498 kJ/mol

16	The word energy is used in physics for the first time.	A. 1902 B. 1858 C. 1805 D. 1802
17	If the Delta H value is negative then reaction will be	A. Endothermic B. Exothermic C. May or may not be exothermic or endothermic D. None of these
18	When new bonds are formed, the energy is	A. Consumed B. Remains same C. Released D. None of these
19	The enthalpy of reaction $\text{H}_2 + \text{I}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{HI}$	A. -571.6 kJ B. +53.8 kJ C. 11 kJ D. -393.5 kJ
20	When NaOH and HCl are mixed the temperature increases. The reaction	A. Exothermic with a negative enthalpy change. B. Endothermic with a positive enthalpy change. C. Endothermic with a negative enthalpy change. D. Exothermic with a positive enthalpy change.