

Geometrical Optics

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The ratio of image height to object height is called:	<p>A. Linear magnification</p> <p>B. Power</p> <p>C. Refraction</p> <p>D. Radius of curative</p>
2	Totally reflecting prism is used in:	<p>A. periscope</p> <p>B. binoculars</p> <p>C. periscope and binocular</p> <p>D. telescope</p>
3	The S.I unit of power of a lens is:	<p>A. Dioptre</p> <p>B. Volt</p> <p>C. Ampere</p> <p>D. Watt</p>
4	The critical angle for glass to:	<p>A. 24°</p> <p>B. 48°</p> <p>C. 42°</p> <p>D. 50°</p>
5	The principal focus of a concave mirror is:	<p>A. Virtual</p> <p>B. Real</p> <p>C. Imaginary</p> <p>D. Dual aspect</p>
6	Optical fibre are:	<p>A. Cheap</p> <p>B. Flexible</p> <p>C. Lighter</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
7	When the object is placed beyond 2F of a convex lens, the image formed will be:	<p>A. Real, inverted and smaller than the object</p> <p>B. Real, inverted and of the same size as the object</p> <p>C. Real, inverted and larger in size than the object</p> <p>D. Virtual, erect and larger in size than the object</p>
8	Optical fibers work on the principle of:	<p>A. Refraction</p> <p>B. Reflection</p> <p>C. Total internal reflection</p> <p>D. Diffraction</p>
9	An object is placed 6 cm away in front of a concave mirror that has 10 cm focal length. Determine the location of the image:	<p>A. -5 cm</p> <p>B. -10 cm</p> <p>C. -15 cm</p> <p>D. -20 cm</p>
10	An example of input device computer is:	<p>A. <code><p class="MsoNormal">Keyboard</o:p></p></code></code></p> <p>B. <code><p class="MsoNormal">printer</o:p></p></code></code></p> <p>C. <code><p class="MsoNormal">monitor</o:p></p></code></code></p> <p>D. <code><p class="MsoNormal">RAM</o:p></p></code></code></p>
11	The centre of spherical mirror is called:	<p>A. Focus</p> <p>B. Axis</p> <p>C. Centre</p> <p>D. Pole</p>
12	From which of the following we can get information almost about everything:	<p>A. <code><p class="MsoNormal">Book</o:p></p></code></code></p> <p>B. <code><p class="MsoNormal">Teacher</o:p></p></code></code></p> <p>C. <code><p class="MsoNormal">Computer</o:p></p></code></code></p> <p>D. <code><p class="MsoNormal">Internet</o:p></p></code></code></p>

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13	When a ray of light enters from denser medium to rare medium, the angle of incidence for which angle of refraction is 90° is called:	A. angle of incidence B. critical angle C. angle of refraction D. None of these
14	Concave mirror formula is given by:	A. $R = 2r$ B. $\sin i / \sin r$ C. $1/f = 1/p + 1/q$ D. $1/f = 1/p - 1/q$
15	A data storage device is:	A. Printer B. Hard disk C. Monitor D. CPU
16	A normal eye can see near objects clearly at a distance of:	A. 20 cm B. 25 cm C. 30 cm D. 35 cm
17	The index of refraction depends on:	A. The focal length B. The speed of light C. the image distance D. The object distance
18	The loudness of a sound is most closely related to its:	A. Frequency B. Period C. Wavelength D. Amplitude
19	Spherical mirrors are used in:	A. Medical B. Search light C. Microscope D. All of these
20	CD which is made of soft material is called:	A. Hard disk B. Floppy disk C. Iron disk D. Copper disk