

History of Pakistan (1971 Till Now)

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Most famus and large salt waterlake.	A. Babusa B. Saiful Maluk C. Soan D. Mamoon Mishikhail
2	The highest peak of Hindukush.	A. K-2 B. Trich Mir C. Skesar D. Nanga Parbat
3	Which country is situated in North of Pakistan.	A. China B. Bangladesh C. Afghanistan D. India
4	Forest wood fulfills the deficinecy of.	A. Coal B. Natural Gas C. Electricity D. Water
5	Pakistan is a country	A. Indistial B. Agriculture C. Economic D. Trading
6	Climae of coastal area is.	A. Dry B. Moderate C. Cold D. Hot
7	Costal Area of Pakistan.	A. 1000 Meter B. 1050 Meter C. 1150 Meter D. 1100 Meter
8	All rivers join which river at Mithan Kot.	A. River Indus B. River Jhelum C. River Ravi D. River Cheanab
9	Which river of Pakistan originates from China's Part of Tibet.	A. River Indus B. River Jehlum C. River Ravi D. River Chenab
10	Climae of desert areas of Pakistan.	A. Very Hot B. Humid C. Cold D. Moderte
11	Karachi is the largests city of Pakistan it is famous for.	A. Industry B. Rearing C. Mining D. Agriculture
12	Which type of feature are present in South Eastern par of Pakistan.	A. Coastal B. Oceanic C. Deseart D. Industrial
13	Air Pollution means increase of dangerous gases in	A. Air B. Food C. Light D. Water
14	In summer season temperatur ein centigrade of coastal area is.	A. 30 B. 40 C. 50 D. 60
15	Pakistan through Arabian sea is connected with persian gulf.	A. Asian B. African C. Muslim D. Noon Muslims

16 Second desert of Pakistan.
A. Rohi
B. Thar
C. Thal
D. Kharan Desert

17 Height of Salt Range at Skesar is.
A. 1500 Meter
B. 2100 Meter
C. 1800 Meter
D. 1200 Meter

18 Glaciers cover up with round the year.
A. Water
B. Sand
C. Snow
D. Soil

19 In sub tropical continental plateau most of the area belongs to which province.
A. Punjab
B. Sindh
C. Baluchistan
D. KPK

20 Khayber pass lies in the direction of Koh Sufaid.
A. South
B. North
C. West
D. East
