

Theory of Quadratic Equations

C-	Overtions	Anguara Chaica
Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Question Image	
2	The Discriminant of ax ² +bx+c=0 is:	A. b ² -4ac B. b ²⁺ 4ac Cb ²⁺ 4ac Db ² -4ac
3	Question Image	A. P(Product of the roots) B. S (Sum of the roots) C. D (Difference of the roots) D. R (Ratio of the roots)
4	A quadratic equation has:	A. Two roots B. Three roots C. Fourroots D. Fiveroots
5	Question Image	
6	Synthetic division is simply a short cut of:	A. H.C.F B. L.C.M C. Long division method D. Factorization
7	Question Image	
8	The nature of the roots of equation ax ² +bx+c=0, is determined by:	A. Sum of the roots B. Product of the roots C. Synthetic division D. Discriminant
9	Question Image	A2 B. 2 C. 4 D4
10	The nature of the root of equation x^2 -5x+5=0	A. Rationaland equal B. Irrationaland unequal C. Irrationaland equal D. Rationaland unequal
11	If b ² -4ac>0 and is a perfect square, then roots are:	A. Rational and equal B. Rationaland unequal C. Irrationaland equal D. Irrationaland unequal
12	If $a = 2$, $b = -7$, $c = 1$, then the value of b^2 -4ac is:	A. 37 B. 39 C. 41 D. 42
13	Roots of following equation are: 9x ² -4x+1=0:	A. Real, Equal B. Real, Unequal C. Imaginary D. Irrational
14	If $a = -2$, $b = -1$ and $c = -1$, then discriminant is equal to:	A. 17 B17 C7 D. 7
15	Sum roots of $4x^2$ -3x+6=0:	
16	The nature of roots depends on the value of:	Ab+4ac B. b ² +4c C. b ² -4ac Db+4ac ²
17	The product of roots, of equation $5x^2+(7-2m) \times +3 = 0$ will be:	
18	Question Image	B. 1
		A. 0

19	Product of cube roots of unity is:	B. 1 C1 D. 3
20	Question Image	A. 9 B. 7 C. 5 D. 3