

Theory of Quadratic Equations

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Question Image	
2	Question Image	A. One variable B. Twovariable C. Threevariable D. Fourvariable
3	Sum roots of $4x^2$ - $3x$ + 6 = 0 :	
4	Question Image	
5	Question Image	
6	Product of the roots of the equation $3x^2-5x+7=0$:	A. 3 ⁷ B. 7 ³
7	In equation ax ² +bx+c=0, a and b are:	A. Constants B. Co-efficients C. Variables D. Factors
8	The nature of roots depends on the value of:	Ab+4ac B. b ² +4c C. b ² -4ac Db+4ac ²
9	Question Image	B. 1
10	If $a = 2$, $b = -7$, $c = 1$, then the value of b^2 -4ac is:	A. 37 B. 39 C. 41 D. 42
11	The nature of roots in equation $7x^2+8x+1=0$ is:	A. Rational and unequal B. Irrational and unequal C. Rationaland equal D. Irrationaland equal
		A. 1 B1
12	Question Image	C. 0 D. 2
13	If $a = 7$, $b = 8$ and $c = 1$ then b^2 -4ac is equal to:	A. 33 B. 34 C. 35 D. 36
14	Question Image	
15	Question Image	A. 214 B. 256 C. 273 D. 296
16	The value of <i>i</i> is equal to:	
17	Question Image	A. 2 B. 1 C. 0
18	If b^2 -4ac < 0, then roots are:	A. Unreal B. Imaginary C. Real D. Unequal
19	If $a = -2$, $b = -1$ and $c = -1$, then discriminant is equal to:	A. 17 B17 C7 D. 7
20	Product of two roots =	

