

## Quadratic Equations

| Sr | Questions  | Answers Choice  |
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| 1  | Quadratic equation is also known as equation of:   | A. Standard form<br>B. Polynomials<br>C. Second degree<br>D. Higher order                                       |
| 2  | The number of methods to solve a quadratic equation is:                                  | A. 1<br>B. 2<br>C. 3<br>D. 4  |
| 3  | An equation of the type $3^x+3^{2-x}+6=0$ is called a/an:                                | A. Reciprocal equation<br>B. Radical equation<br>C. Exponential equation<br>D. None of these                    |
| 4  | Equation $3^{2-x}+6=0$ is of type:   | A. Exponential<br>B. Radical<br>C. Reciprocal<br>D. Non   |
| 5  | <u>Question Image</u> <input type="text"/>   | A. Radical equation<br>B. Reciprocal equation<br>C. Exponential equation<br>D. None of these                    |
| 6  | The quadratic formula is:  |   |
| 7  | An equation of the form $2x^4-3x^3+7x^2-3x+2=0$ is called a/an:                          | A. Reciprocal equation<br>B. Radicalequation<br>C. Exponentialequation<br>D. None of these                      |
| 8  | An equation involving impression of the variable under _____ is called radical equation: | A. Second degree<br>B. Exponent<br>C. Radical<br>D. Cube  |
| 9  | Which of the following is a reciprocal equation ?  | A. $ax^3+bx^3+cx+d=0$<br>B. $ax^4-bx^3+cx^2-bx+a=0$<br>C. $ax^4+bx^3+cx^2+dx+e=0$<br>D. $ax^4+bx^3+cx^2+bx+a=0$ |
| 10 | In $ax^2+bx+c$ , if $a=0$ then reduced form is:  | A. $ax^2+bx$<br>B. $bx+c$<br>C. $c$<br>D. $ax^2+c$  |
| 11 | Two linear factors $x^2-15x+56$ are:   | A. $(x-7)$ and $(x+8)$<br>B. $(x+7)$ and $(x-8)$<br>C. $(x-7)$ and $(x-8)$<br>D. $(x+7)$ and $(x+8)$            |
| 12 | In $ax^2+bx+c$ , the constant term is:   | A. $a$<br>B. $b$<br>C. $c$<br>D. $d$  |
| 13 | The solution set of equation $4x^2-16=0$ is:   | B. $\{4\}$  |
| 14 | Standard form of quadratic equation is:  |   |
| 15 | In equation $5^{1+x}+5^{1-x}=26$ , we put:   | A. $5^{2x}=y$<br>B. $5^{1+x}=y$<br>C. $5^{1-x}=y$<br>D. $5^x=y$   |
| 16 | An equation of the type $3^x+3^{2-x}+6=0$ is a/an _____ equation:                        | A. Radical<br>B. Exponential equation<br>C. Reciprocal<br>D. None of these                                      |

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| 17 | Equation is $2x^4-3x^3+7x^2-3x+2=0$ called:                            | A. Reciprocal<br>B. Radical<br>C. Exponential<br>D. None |
| 18 | Solution set of equation $5x^2-125 = 0$ is:                            | A. {5}<br>B. {10}<br>C. {-5}                             |
| 19 | The number of terms in a standard quadratic equation $ax^2+bx+c=0$ is: | A. 1<br>B. 2<br>C. 3<br>D. 4                             |
| 20 | Number of terms in standard Quadratic Equation $ax^2+bx+c = 0$         | A. 1<br>B. 2<br>C. 3<br>D. 4                             |