Data and Repetition

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	_____ is the unique identifiere, used ot refer to the array.	A. Data type B. Array name C. Array size D. None
2	An_____ is a data structure that can hold multiple values of same data type.	A. Loop B. Array C. For loop D. Index
3	Which of the following is not a type of loop.	A. for loop B. while loop C. do while loop D. none of these
4	If the size of an array is 100, the range of indexes will be _____:	A. 0-99 B. 0-100 C. 1-100 D. 2-102
5	If array first element has the index.	A. 0 B. 1 C. 2 D. 3
6	If the size of an array is 100, the range of indexes will be	A. 0 - 99 B. 0 - 100 C. 1 - 100 D. 2 - 102
7	Each run of a loop is called an	A. Condition B. Iteration C. Standard D. Index
8	_____ structure allows repetition of a set of instructions:	A. loop B. conditional C. control D. data
9	_____ part of for loop is executed first.	A. Condition B. Body C. Initialization D. Increments
10	If we need to repeat one or more statements, than we use.	A. Index B. array C. Iteration D. Loop
11	Array elements are strored at .... memory locations.	A. Contiguous B. Scattered C. Divided D. None
12	To initialize the array in a single statement, initialize it _____ declaration:	A. at the time of B. after C. before D. both a & b
13	An array is a _____ structure.	A. Loop B. Control C. Data D. Conditional
14	How many types of loop are in C language.	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4
15	An important property of _____ is that it stores all the values at consecutive locations inside the computer memory.	A. Loop B. Array C. for loop D. index

16	_____ make it easier to read and write values in array.	A. Loop B. Conditions C. Expressions D. Functions
17	Which makes it easier to read and write values in arrays.	A. Loop B. While loop C. end D. simple loop
18	Assigning values to an array for the fist times is called.	A. Assign value B. Array utilization C. Control array D. Array initialization
19	_____ part of for loop is executed first:	A. condition B. body C. intialization D. increment/decrement
20	_____ is the unique identifier, used to refer to the array:	A. data type B. array name C. array size D. none