

## Man and His Environment

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The total amount of living matter in an ecosystem at any time is called.	A. Biomass B. Energy C. Food Chain D. Food web
2	250 years age, the population of world was approximately million.	A. 400 B. 500 C. 600 D. 700
3	A group of organisms of same species living in a particular area is called.	A. Population B. Coummunity C. Abiotic factor D. Ecology
4	A relationship between two organisms in which individual of one species may kill and eat individuals of other species is called.	A. Symbiosis B. Competition C. Predation D. Mutualism
5	Organisms in the ecosystem that are responsible for recycling of plant and animal wastes are.	A. Producers B. Consumers C. Decomposers D. Competitors
6	An example of carnivores plant is.	A. Mosses B. Ferns C. Rose plant D. Sundew
7	An example of endoparasite :	A. Mosquitoes B. Leech C. Lice D. Plasmodium
8	Which one of the following is not an example of fossil fuels?	A. Plants <o:p> </o:p> B. Peat C. Coal D. Natural gas
9	Largest unit of Ecology is.	A. Species B. Community C. Ecosystem D. Biosphere
10	Rabbit is a.	A. Producer B. Herbivore C. cornivore D. Teriary consumer
11	All the population that live in a habitat and interact in various ways with one another are collectively called:	A. ecosystem B. community C. biosphere D. populations
12	Which form of nitrogen is taken by the producer of the Ecosystem?	A. Nitrogen Gas B. Ammonia C. Nitrage D. Nitrates
13	In an ecosystem the flow of is one way, while is/are constantly recycled.	A. Minerals, energy B. Energy minerals C. Oxygen, Energy D. Glucose, water
14	Identify the correctly matched pair:	A. Rainfall biotic factors in ecosystem     B. Global warming formation of fossil fuels     C. Renewable natural resources air     D. Corn secondary consumer
15	Organisms in the ecosystem that are responisble for recycling of plant and animal wastes	A. Producers B. Consumers

	are:	C. Decomposers D. Compititors
16	One of these cycles is also nutrients cycles.	A. Biogeochemical cycles B. Carbon cycles C. Water cycles D. Nitrogen cycles
17	the type of symbolic association in which partner gets benefits while other is neither benefited nor harmed is called:	A. Commensalism B. Mutualism C. Parasitism D. Predation
18	Ectoparasite is:	A. Ascaris B. Amoeba C. Plasmodium D. Leech
19	The consumers that eat animal flesh as well as plants and plant products are called.	A. Herbivores B. Carnivores C. Omnivores D. Insectivores
20	It is an example of primary consumers.	A. Cattles B. Snake C. Lion D. Tiger