

Gaseous Exchange

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Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	How many carciogens are present in cigarette smoke?	A. 40 B. 50 C. 60 D. 70
2	During exercise or other hard physical works the breathing rate may increase up to.	A. 30-40 times per minute B. 50-60 times per minute C. 60-70 times per minute D. 70-80 times per minute
3	The uncontrolled cell divisions in lungs tissue is called:	A. bronchitis B. emphysema C. cancer D. Asthma
4	Which diisease is caused by Streptococcus pneumoniae:	A. Bronchites B. Emphysema C. Pneumonia D. Asthema
5	The process of gaseous exchange involves.	A. Break down of C-H bounds to yield energy. B. Physical movements that take air ain and our of body C. Getting oxygen from the air and removing carbon dioxide D. Transport of oxygen by the blood to different parts of the body.
6	Which disease is involved in the breakdown of air sacs of the lungs?	A. Bronchites B. Emphysema C. Pneumonia D. Asthema
7	In human and other higher animals, the exchange of gases is carried out by:	A. Skin B. Respiratory C. Air passageway D. Lungs
8	The primary chemical stimulus for breathing is the concentration of.	A. Carbon dioxide in blood. B. Oxygen in blood C. Carbon oxide in muscles D. Oxygen in muscles.
9	When the "World no tobacco day" is celebrated?	A. 30 June B. 31 June C. 11 January D. None of these
10	Gaseous Exchange in cow takes in:	A. Bronchi B. Tranchea C. Pharynx D. Alveoli
11	Where does the gaseous exchange occur in humans?	A. Pharynx B. Trachea C. Bronchi D. Alveoli
12	Cutting of walls of Alveoli called:	A. Pneumonia B. Emphysema C. Bronchtis D. Asthama
13	Every year "World Day" is celebrated on:	A. 31 May B. 30 May C. 31 March D. 21 March
14	In normal condition human respiration rate is:	A. 12 to 15 per minute B. 15 to 12 per minute C. 10 to 12 per minute D. 16 to 20 per minute

15	Amount of oxygen in expired air is:	A. 21% B. 16% C. 0.04% D. 4%
16	In wood seems and roots the gaseous:	A. lenticels B. epidermal cells C. somata D. micropyle
17	In man the correct passage of air is:	A. nostrils, nasal, cavit, pharynx, trachea, arynxl, bronchi, bronchioles alveolar,duct, aleoli B. nostrils, nasal cavity, Pharynx, larynx, bronchi, trachea, bronchioles, alveolar duct, alveoli C. Notrils, nasal, cavity, larynx, pharynx, trachea,bronchioles, alveolar, duct alveoli, D. Nasal cavity, nostrils, larynx, pharynx, alveoli, trachea bronchi, bronchioles, alveolar dict,
18	What happens during Exhalation?	A. Ribs muscles relax B. Diaphragm become dome shaped C. Pressure on lungs increased D. All of these
19	C-Shaped cartilaginous rings are present in the wall of.	A. Bronchi B. Bronchioles C. Alveoli D. Trachea
20	A thick muscular layer beneath lungs is called:	A. Kidney B. Diaphragm C. Bladder D. Ureter