

ECAT Pre General Science Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	When the conductor moved across a magnetic field:	A. Emf induced is similar to that of a battery B. Emf induced gives rise to induced current C. An emf induced across its ends D. All are correct E. None of these
2	A coil of constant area is placed in a constant magnetic field. An induced current is produced in the coil when:	A. The coil is destroyed B. The coil is rotated C. The coil is neither destroyed nor rotated D. Both (A) and (B) E. None of these
3	The magnitude of induced emf depends upon the:	A. Rate of decrease of magnetic field B. Rate of change of magnetic field C. Rate of increase of magnetic flux D. Constancy of magnetic field E. None of these
4	In magnet-coil experiment, emf can be produced by:	A. Keeping the coil stationary and moving the magnet B. Keeping the magnet stationary and moving the coil C. Relative motion of the loop and magnet D. Any one of above E. All above
5	The induced current in the loop can be increased by:	A. Using a stronger magnetic field B. Moving the loop faster C. Replacing the loop by a coil of many turns D. All above E. Both (A) and (B)
6	The induced current in a conductor depends upon:	A. Resistance of the loop B. Speed with which the conductor moves C. Any of these D. Both (A) and (B) E. None of these
7	The phenomenon of generation of induced emf is called	A. Electrostatic induction B. Magnetic induction C. Electromagnetic induction D. Electric induction E. Both (A) and (D)
8	An induced current can be produced by:	A. Constant magnetic field B. Changing magnetic field C. Varying magnetic field D. Constant electric field E. None of these

9	An emf is set up in a conductor when it:	A. is kept in a magnetic field B. is kept in a electric field C. Move across a magnetic field D. Both (A) and (B) E. None of these
10	The current produced by moving a loop of a wire across a magnetic field is called:	A. Direct current B. Magnetic current C. Alternating current D. Induced current E. None of these
11	When the charged particle is projected at right angles to the field, then experienced by it will be:	A. Maximum B. Zero C. qvB D. Both (A) and (B) E. Both (A) and (C)
12	A long wire wound tightly on a cylindrical core is called:	A. Potentiometer B. Solenoid C. Toroid D. Wheat and stone bridge E. None of these
13	Magnetic flux passing through the an element of are A placed perpendicular to a uniform magnetic field B is:	A. Maximum B. Minimum C. Zero D. Very small E. None of these
14	Magnetic flux passing through a element whose vector area makes an angle θ with lines of magnetic force is:	A. $BA \cos \theta$ B. Zero C. $BA \sin \theta$ D. $BA \sin \theta$ E. None of these
15	At a given instant, a photon moves in +x direction in a region where there magnetic field in -z direction. The magnetic force on the proton will be the:	A. -y direction B. +y direction C. +z direction D. -z direction E. None of these
16	NmA^{-1} is commonly called:	A. Weber B. Apmere C. Guass D. Coulomb E. None of these
17	Strength of magnetic field is measured in SI units, in:	A. N B. N/Am C. Am/N D. Nm/A E. None of these
18	The permeability of free space is measured in:	A. Wb/Am B. $Wb A/m$ C. Am/Wb D. $m/WeB A$ E. None of these
19	If the number of turns of a solenoid (carrying a steady current I) is doubled without changing the length of a solenoid, then magnetic field:	A. Becomes Half B. Becomes double C. Is not affected D. Becomes one fourth E. None of these
20	The magnetic field inside a solenoid can be increased by:	A. Increasing n B. Decreasing I C. Increasing I D. By using iron core within solenoid E. All correct except (B)
21	Total number of turns on 0.15 m length solenoid is 300. the value of n is:	A. Greater than 300 B. Smaller than 300 C. Equal to 300 D. Any of (A) or (B)

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Hold the solenoid in the right hand with fingers curling in the direction of current. The direction of the field will be given by:

- A. **Thumb**
- B. **Curled fingers**
- C. **Middle finger**
- D. **Arm of right hand**
- E. **None of these**

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In the formula $B = \mu_0 n I$, the symbol n denotes:

- A. **Total number of turns of solenoid**
- B. **Number of turns per unit length**
- C. **Number of turns per unit volume**
- D. **Numbers of turns per unit area**
- E. **Number of moles**

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A field is uniform and much stronger:

- A. **Inside a long solenoid**
- B. **Outside a long solenoid**
- C. **At the end of a long solenoid**
- D. **At the central point of long solenoid**
- E. **None of these**

- A. **Short, loosely wound, cylindrical**
- B. **Long, tightly wound, cylindrical**

25 A solenoid is a coil of wire which is:

wound, spherical

C. Long, loosely wound, cylindrical

D. Long, tightly wound, cylindrical

E. None of these

26 Amperean path is a:

A. Closed path

B. Rectangular path

C. Circular path

D. Any of above

E. Broken path

27 Magnetic induction is also called as:

A. Ampere's law

B. Faraday's law

C. Lenz's law

D. Newton's law

E. Coulomb's law

28 if the field is directed along the normal to the area, then flux is:

A. Maximum

B. Equal to zero

C. Equal to BA

D. Minimum

E.

align:justify">Both (A) and (C)<o:p></o:p></p>

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the current is pass through the straight wire. The magnetic field established around it has its lines of force:

- A. <p class="MsoNormal" style="text-align:justify">Circular and endless<o:p></o:p></p>
- B. <p class="MsoNormal" style="text-align:justify">Oval in shape and endless<o:p></o:p></p>
- C. <p class="MsoNormal" style="text-align:justify">Straight<o:p></o:p></p>
- D. <p class="MsoNormal" style="text-align:justify">Parabolic<o:p></o:p></p>
- E. All are true

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Magnetic lines of force:

- A. <p class="MsoNormal" style="text-align:justify">Cannot intersect at all<o:p></o:p></p>
- B. <p class="MsoNormal" style="text-align:justify">Intersect at infinity<o:p></o:p></p>
- C. <p class="MsoNormal" style="text-align:justify">Intersect within magnet<o:p></o:p></p>
- D. <p class="MsoNormal" style="text-align:justify">Intersect at Neutral Point<o:p></o:p></p>
- E. None of these