

ECAT Pre General Science MCQ's Test For Physics Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	With the propagation of a longitudinal wave through a material medium, the quantities transmitted in the propagation direction are	A. Energy, momentum and mass B. Energy C. Energy and mass D. Energy and linear momentum
2	A magnifier gives an image which is:	A. Virtual, inverted B. Real, erect C. Virtual, erect D. Real, inverted
3	Work is a:	A. Scalar quantity B. Vector quantity C. Base quantity D. None of these
4	The critical temperature of tin is	A. 1.18 K B. 4.2 K C. 3.72 K D. 7.2 K
5	The consumption of energy by a 1000 watt heater in half an hour is:	A. 5 Kwh B. 0.5 Kwh C. 2.5 Kwh D. 3.2 Kwh
6	The speed of a pendulum is measured to be 3.0 s in the inertial reference frame of the pendulum. What is its period measured by an observer moving at a speed of 0.95 c with respect to the pendulum	A. 2.9 s B. 3.0 s C. 6.6 s D. 9.6 s
7	Terminal velocity is the maximum velocity attained by a spherical droplet when the drag force _____ the weight of droplet:	A. Is smaller than B. Is greater than C. Becomes equal to D. None of these
8	When platinum wire is heated, it appears cherry red at	A. 1600 °C B. 900 °C C. 1100 °C D. 1300 °C
9	A hole in p-type may be due to:	A. Trivalent impurity B. Breaking of some covalent bond C. Pentavalent impurity D. Germanium E. Either (A) or (B)
10	If the external driving force is periodic with a period comparable to the natural period of the oscillator, then we get	A. diffraction B. beat C. interference D. resonance
11	the symbol to be used in relativity problems denotes:	A. Dilated time B. Proper time C. Life time D. Half time E. None of these
12	If 250V is the RMS value of alternative voltage, then its peak value V_0 will be:	A. 353.5V B. 250V C. 175V D. zero E. 400V

13	The resistance of 20 cm long wire is 10Ω . When the length is changed to 40 cm. The new resistance is	<p>rgb(255, 255, 248);">Ω</p> <p>B. 20Ω</p> <p>C. 30Ω</p> <p>D. 40Ω</p>
14	The work done on the body will be zero if:	<p>A. No force is applied on the body</p> <p>B. Force is applied but no displacement</p> <p>C. Angle between F(force) and d(displacement) is 90°</p> <p>D. All of these are correct</p>
15	When certain nucleus emits α particle, its mass number:	<p>A. Increases by one</p> <p>B. Decreases by one</p> <p>C. Remain same</p> <p>D. Decreases by four</p> <p>E. None of these</p>
16	Cause of heat production in a current carrying conductor is	<p>A. Collisions of free electrons with one another</p> <p>B. High drift speed of free electrons</p> <p>C. Collisions of free electrons with atoms or ions of conductor</p> <p>D. High resistance value</p>
17	The substance in which atoms are so oriented that the field produced by spin and orbital motion of the electrons might add up to zero, are called	<p>A. diamagnetic substances</p> <p>B. ferromagnetic substances</p> <p>C. paramagnetic substances</p> <p>D. all of them</p>
18	Chock consumes externally small	<p>A. Charge</p> <p>B. Current</p> <p>C. Power</p> <p>D. Potential</p>
19	Due to relative motion of observer and the frame of reference of events, time always:	<p>A. Dilates itself</p> <p>B. Contracts itself</p> <p>C. Stretches itself</p> <p>D. Both (A) and (C)</p> <p>E. None of these</p>
20	If we connect a A.C. volt meter to read A.C. voltage, It would read its:	<p>A. RMS value</p> <p>B. Instantaneous value</p> <p>C. Valued average over a cycle</p> <p>D. Zero</p> <p>E. Both (B) and (C)</p>