

ECAT Pre General Science Mathematics Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	If $f(x) = ax^2$, and $a > 0$, then the lowest point on the parabola is called.	A. Vertex of parabola B. Co-ordinates of parabola C. Roots of the equation D. Coefficient of the equation
2	If a parabola opens down, then its vertex is at the	A. Right of the parabola B. Left of parabola C. Lowest point on the parabola D. Highest point on the parabola
3	The root of the quadratic equation are	A. 3 B. 2 C. 1 D. 4
4	In quadratic equation, if the replacement of y with $-y$ leaves the equation unchanged, then the graph is	A. Straight line B. Circle C. Hyperbola D. Symmetric w.r.t.0
5	In quadratic equation $y = ax^2 + bx + c$, if b and c are both zero then the graph is	A. Symmetric w.r.t.y-axis B. Symmetric w.r.t.x-axis C. Straight Line D. Circle
6	In quadratic equation $f(x) = ax^2$, if $a > 0$, then the graph of parabola	A. Opens up B. Opens down C. close up D. symmetric w.r.t.x.axis
7	The graph of the quadratic equation is	A. Straight line B. Circle C. Parabola D. ellipse
8	The solution of the quadratic equation $x^2 - 7x + 10 = 0$, is	A. 2 B. 5 C. 2,5 D. 7
9	the largest degree of the terms in the polynomials is called	A. terms of the polynomial B. degree of a polynomial C. co-efficient D. monomial
10	The roots of the equation $x^2 + 6x - 7 = 0$, are	A. 1 B. 2 C. 1 and -7 D. -7
11	A quadratic equation has two	A. roots B. degree C. variables D. constants
12	Another name of quadratic equation is	A. Polynomial B. 2nd degree polynomial C. Linear equation D. simultaneous equations
13	A quadratic equation in x is an equation that can be written in the form	A. $ax^2 + b = 0$ B. $ax^3 + b^2 + c = 0$ C. $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ D. $ax^3 + bx^3 + cx = 0$
14	Every subset of a finite set is	A. Disjoint B. Null C. Finite D. Infinite
15	0 is a symbol of	A. singleton set B. Empty set C. Equivalent set D. Infinite set

16	The number of subsets of $B = \{1,2,3,4,5\}$	A. 10 B. 32 C. 16 D. 5
17	The number of proper subset of $A = \{a,b,c,d\}$ is	A. 3 B. 6 C. 8 D. 15
18	The many subset can be formed from the set $\{a,b,c,d\}$	A. 8 B. 4 C. 12 D. 16
19	The number of subset of $\{0\}$ is	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. None
20	If $E = \{ \}$, then $P(E)$	A. $\emptyset$ B. $\{ \}$ C. $\{(2),(4),(6),...\}$ D. $\{\emptyset\}$
21	If $D = \{a\}$, the $P(D) =$	A. $\{a\}$ B. $\langle p \text{ class="MsoNormal"><!--[if gte msEquation 12]><m:oMathPara><m:oMath><i style='mso-bidi-font-style:normal'><m:r></m:r></i></m:oMath></m:oMathPara><![endif--><!--[!msEquation]--><!--[if gte vml 1]><v:shapetype id="_x0000_t75" coordsize="21600,21600" o:spt="75" o:preferrelative="t" path="m@4@5l@4@11@9@11@9@5xe" filled="f" stroked="f"> <v:stroke joinstyle="miter"/> <v:formulas> <v: eqn="if lineDrawn pixelLineWidth 0"/> <v:f eqn="sum @0 1 0"/> <v:f eqn="sum 0 0 @1"/> <v:f eqn="prod @2 1 2"/> <v:f eqn="prod @3 21600 pixelWidth"/> <v:f eqn="prod @3 21600 pixelHeight"/> <v:f eqn="sum @0 0 1"/> <v:f eqn="prod @6 1 2"/> <v:f eqn="prod @7 21600 pixelWidth"/> <v:f eqn="sum @8 21600 0"/> <v:f eqn="prod @7 21600 pixelHeight"/> <v:f eqn="sum @10 21600 0"/> </v:formulas> <v:path o:extrusionok="f" gradientshapeok="t" o:connecttype="rect"/> <o:lock v:ext="edit" aspectratio="t"/> </v:shapetype><v:shape id="_x0000_i1025" type="#_x0000_t75" style="width:6.75pt; height:14.25pt"> <v:imagedata src="file:///C:/Users/Softsol/AppData/Local/Temp/msohtmlclip/1/01/clip_image001.png" o:title="" chromakey="white"/> </v:shape><![endif--><!--[!vml]--><!--[endif--><!--[endif--><o:p></o:p></p>$ C. $\{\emptyset, \{a\}\}$ D. $\{\emptyset, a\}$
22	The set of even prime numbers is	A. $\{2,4,6,8,10\}$ B. $\{2,4,6,8,10,12\}$ C. $\{1,3,5,7,9\}$ D. $\{2\}$
23	If $A \subseteq B$, and B is a finite set, then	A. $n(A) \leq n(B)$ B. $n(B) \leq n(A)$ C. $n(A) \leq n(B)$ D. $n(A) \geq n(B)$
24	If $A = \{2m/m^3 = 8, m \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ then $A =$	A. $\{1,8,27\}$ B. $\{4\}$ C. $\{2,4,6\}$ D. $\{2,16,54\}$
25	If $0 = \{1,3,5,\dots\}$, then $n(0) =$	A. Infinite B. Even numbers C. odd integers D. 99
26	If $B = \{x/x \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge -3 < x < 6\}$, then $n(B) =$	A. 5 B. $\{-3,-2,-1,0,1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ C. 8 D. 9
27	If $a = \{2m/2m < 9, m \in \mathbb{p}\}$, the $(n A) =$	A. $\{2,3,4,5,6,7,8\}$ B. $\{2,4,6,8,\dots,16\}$ C. $\{4, 6\}$ D. $\{2,3,5,7\}$
28	If $C = \{p/p < 18, p \text{ is a prime number}\}$, then $C =$	A. $\{2,3,4,\dots,17\}$ B. $\{2,4,6,8,\dots,16\}$ C. $\{1,3,5,7,9,11,13,15,17\}$ D. $\{3,6,9,12,15\}$
--	If $A = \{x/x \text{ is a positive integer and } 4 \leq x < 23\}$ then	A. $\{1,2,3,4,5,6,7\}$ B. $\{4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22\}$ C. $\{4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22\}$ D. $\{4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22\}$

29 If x is a positive integer and $x \leq 23$, then
A. $\{1, 2, 3, \dots, 23\}$
B. $\{1, 2, 3, \dots, 24\}$
C. $\{1, 2, 3, \dots, 23\}$
D. $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

30 Z is a
A. Infinite set
B. Finite set
C. Singleton set
D. Set of all integers