

ECAT Pre General Science Mathematics Chapter 23 Conic Section Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The slope of the normal at the point $(at^2, 2at)$ of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ is	A. $1/t$ B. t C. $-t$ D. $-1/t$
2	The line $y = 2x + c$ is a tangent to the parabola $y^2 = 16x$ if c equals	A. -2 B. -1 C. 0 D. 2
3	The equation of the parabola with directrix $x = 2$ and the axis $y = 0$ is	A. $y^2 = 8x$ B. $y^2 = -8x$ C. $y^2 = 4x$ D. $y^2 = -4x$
4	The equation of the directrix of the parabola $x^2 = 4ay$ is	A. $x + a = 0$ B. $x - a = 0$ C. $y + a = 0$ D. $y - a = 0$
5	The eccentricity of the parabola $y^2 = -8x$ is	A. -2 B. 2 C. -1 D. 1
6	The length of the tangent from $(2, 1)$ to the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 4y + 3 = 0$ is	
7	The equation of the chord of the circle $x^2 + y^2 - 4x = 0$ whose mid-point is $(1, 0)$ is	A. $y = 2$ B. $y = 1$ C. $x = 2$ D. $x = 1$
8	The line $Ax + By + C = 0$ will touch the circle $x^2 + y^2 = \lambda$ when	A. $C^2 = 4\lambda(A^2 + B^2)$ B. $A^2 = 4\lambda(B^2 + C^2)$ C. $B^2 = 4\lambda(A^2 + C^2)$ D. None of these
9	Circumcentre of the triangle, whose vertices are $(0, 0)$, $(6, 0)$ and $(0, 4)$ is	A. $(2, 0)$ B. $(3, 0)$ C. $(0, 3)$ D. $(3, 2)$
10	The equation $x^2 + y^2 = 0$ represents	A. A circle B. A degenerate circle C. An empty set D. A st. line
11	Question Image	
12	Question Image	A. 1 B. 5 C. 7 D. 9
13	Question Image	A. A parabola B. An ellipse C. A hyperbola

D. A circle

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A rectangular hyperbola whose centre is C is cut by any circle of radius r in four points P, Q, R and S. Then $CP^2 + CQ^2 + CR^2 + CS^2 =$

- A. r^2
- B. $2r^2$
- C. $3r^2$
- D. $4r^2$

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Question Image

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The line $y = 4x + c$ touches the hyperbola $x^2 - y^2 = 1$ if

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The eccentricity of the conic $9x^2 - 16y^2 = 144$ is

- A. $\frac{4}{5}$
- B. $\frac{5}{4}$
- C. $\frac{4}{3}$
- D. $\frac{3}{4}$

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A chord passing through the centre of the circle is called

- A. the secant of the circle
- B. the tangent of the circle
- C. the arc of the circle
- D. the diameter of the circle

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A line segment whose end points lie on a circle is called

- A. the secant of the circle
- B. the arc of the circle
- C. the chord of the circle
- D. the circumference of the circle

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Question Image

- A. 6
- C. 20
- D. 0

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Question Image

- A. 184
- D. none of these

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Question Image

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Question Image

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- D. none of these