

ECAT Mathematics Chapter 18 Basic Concepts & Definitions

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
|----|--|--|
| 1 | If $3x + 4y + 7 = 0$, then $dy / dx =$ | A. $-\frac{1}{2}$ B. $-\frac{4}{3}$ C. $\frac{7}{2}$ D. $-\frac{3}{4}$ |
| 2 | If $f(x) = c$ then $f^{-1}(x)$ equals: | A. 1 B. 0 C. cx D. c |
| 3 | if $y = x^2$ then dy/dx equals: | A. $2x$ B. $x/2$ C. $2x^3$ D. $x^3/2$ |
| 4 | Question Image <input type="text"/> | A. 1 B. 0 C. cx D. c |
| 5 | If $y = x^m$ then dy/dx equals: | A. mx B. x/m C. mx^{m-1} D. xm^{m-1} |
| 6 | If $y = (7x + 9)^2$, then dy/dx equals: | A. $98x + 126$ B. $14x$ C. $14x + 18$ D. $14x + 81$ |
| 7 | Question Image <input type="text"/> | A. 8 B. $\frac{1}{8}$ C. $\frac{1}{3}$ D. $\frac{2}{3}$ |
| 8 | Question Image <input type="text"/> | A. 0 B. 8 C. 5 D. 9 |
| 9 | Differentiation of $\sin x$ w.r.t. $\cot x$ is: | A. $-\sin^2 x \sec x$ B. $-\cos x \sin^2 x$ C. $-\cos^2 x \tan x$ D. $-\sin^2 x$ |
| 10 | $d/dx [\tan^2 x]$ | A. $2 \tan x \sec^2 x$ B. $2 \tan x \sec x$ C. $2 \cot x \tan x$ D. $2 \sec^2 x \cos^2 x$ |
| 11 | Question Image <input type="text"/> | |
| 12 | If $x = 1 - t^2$ and $y = 3t^2 - 2t^3$ then $dy/dx =$ | A. $(1-t)$ B. $3(1+t)$ C. $3(t-1)$ D. $3/1-t$ |
| 13 | Question Image <input type="text"/> | A. $x^2 + 2$ B. $3x + 2$ C. $3x^2 + 5$ D. $3x^2 + 2$ |
| 14 | Question Image <input type="text"/> | B. x^{n-1} |
| 15 | Question Image <input type="text"/> | A. mx B. x/m C. mx^{m-1} D. xm^{m-1} |
| 16 | $f(x) = ax^2 - 3x - 5$, and $f^{-1}(2) = 9$, a is equal to | A. 2 B. 3 C. -2 D. 4 |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 17 | If $f(x) = x^{-100}$ the value of $f^{-1}(1)$ is: | A. 100 B. -100 C. 0 D. -101 |
| 18 | Question Image <input type="text"/> | |
| 19 | Question Image <input type="text"/> | |
| 20 | If $y = x^n$ then dy/dx equals: | A. nx B. x^{n-1} C. nx^{n-1} D. n |
