

Physics ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	When the temperature of source and sink of a heat engine become equal entropy change will be	<p>A. Zero</p> <p>B. Max</p> <p>C. Min</p> <p>D. -ve</p>
2	The number if neutrons in the nucleus of ${}_{92}\text{U}^{235}$ are	<p>A. Infinite</p> <p>B. 92</p> <p>C. 235</p> <p>D. 143</p>
3	Plan of a coil makes an angle of 20° with the lines of magnetic field. The angle between B and vector area of plane of coil is:	<p>A. Also 20°</p> <p>B. 70°</p> <p>C. 90°</p> <p>D. 180°</p> <p>E. None of these</p>
4	The charge carries in the electrolyte are:	<p>A. Positive ions</p> <p>B. Negative ions</p> <p>C. Either (A) or (B)</p> <p>D. Both (A) and (B)</p> <p>E. Neither (A) nor (B)</p>
		<p>A. Cell</p> <p>B. Voltmeter</p>

5	Two dissimilar metals joined at their ends kept at constant temperature constitute:	<p>C. Thermocouple</p> <p>D. Potentiometer</p> <p>E. None of these</p>
6	According to the electromagnetic wave theory of light, increasing the intensity of incident light should increase the	<p>A. number of photoelectrons</p> <p>B. size of the photoelectrons</p> <p>C. charge on photoelectrons</p> <p>D. K.E of photoelectrons</p>
7	A ball falls on the surface from 10 m height and rebounds to 2.5 m. if the duration of contact with the floor is 0.01 seconds then the average acceleration during contact is	<p>A. 2100 m/s^2</p> <p>B. 1400 m/s^2</p> <p>C. 700 m/s^2</p> <p>D. 400 m/s^2</p>
8	10^6 electrons are moving through a wire per second, the current developed is	<p>A. $1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ A}$</p> <p>B. 1 A</p> <p>C. $1.6 \times 10^{-15} \text{ A}$</p> <p>D. 10^{-6} A</p>
9	The minimum wavelength of X-rays produced of 1KV potential difference is applied across the anode and cathode of the tube is	<p>A. $1.24 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}$</p> <p>B. $7.92 \times 10^{-20} \text{ m}$</p> <p>C. $2.78 \times 10^{-14} \text{ m}$</p> <p>D. $3.88 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}$</p>
10	A body moving with uniform velocity has	<p>A. positive acceleration</p> <p>B. negative acceleration</p> <p>C. infinite acceleration</p> <p>D. zero acceleration</p>
11	A hole in p-type may be due to:	<p>A. Trivalent impurity</p> <p>B. Breking of some covalent bond</p> <p>C. Pentavalent impurity</p> <p>D. Germanium</p> <p>E. Either (A) or (B)</p>
12	Calculate the amount of charge flowing in 2 minutes in a wire of resistance 10Ω when a potential difference of 20 V is applied between its ends	<p>A. 120 C</p> <p>B. 240 C</p> <p>C. 20 C</p> <p>D. 4 C</p>
13	The value of electrical constant of proportionality k is	<p>A. $9 \times 10^9 \text{ Nm}^2 \text{ C}^{-2}$</p> <p>B. $9 \times 10^{-9} \text{ Nm}^2 \text{ C}^{-2}$</p> <p>C. $9 \times 10^{10} \text{ Nm}^2 \text{ C}^{-2}$</p> <p>D. $9.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ C}^{-2}$</p>
14	In wilson cloud chamber, the air becomes saturated with:	<p>A. Alcohol vapours</p> <p>B. Water</p> <p>C. Helium gas</p> <p>D. Nitrogen gas</p> <p>E. None of these</p>
15	Tick the correct pair when M denotes the molecular mass and other symbols carry usual meanings:	<p>A. $N = nN_A$, $M = MN_A$</p> <p>B. $n = N N_A$, $M = mN_A$</p> <p>C. $M = N A / N$, $N A = m/n$</p> <p>D. $N = nN_A$, $M = mN_A$</p>
16	The concept of direction is purely:	<p>A. Absolute</p> <p>B. Relative</p> <p>C. Relative to stars always</p> <p>D. Relative to the sun always</p> <p>E. None of these</p>
17	The electric field lines start from	<p>A. Positive charge</p> <p>B. Negative charge</p> <p>C. Either A or B</p> <p>D. Neutron</p> <p>E. An atom</p>
18	The contrast in the fringes in an interference pattern depends upon	<p>A. Fringe width</p> <p>B. Relative difference intensities of the two sources</p> <p>C. Distance between the slits</p> <p>D. Wavelength</p>
19	A force of 5 n is acting Y-axis. Its component along X-axis is:	<p>A. 7 N</p> <p>B. 5 N</p> <p>C. Zero</p>

D. 10 N

20 Which one of the following is correct?

A. $V_o = 1.414 V_{rms}$

B. $I_{rms} = 1.414 I_o$

C. $V_o = 10.70 V_{rms}$

D. Both a and b