

Physics ECAT Pre Engineering MCQ's Test For Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The first series which was identified in the spectrum of hydrogen is called:	A. Lyman series B. Balmer series C. Paschen series D. Brackett series E. Pfund series
2	A 2 kg block is held 1 m above floor for 50 seconds. The work done is:	A. Zero B. 10.2 J C. 100 J D. 980 J
3	The basic circuit element in A.C. circuits are:	A. Resistor and capacitor B. Resistor and Inductor C. Capacitor only D. Both (B) and (C) E. None of these
4	A process which can be retraced in exactly reverse order, without producing any change in the surroundings is called	A. reversible process B. irreversible process C. any one of them D. none of them
5	Radiation detector are used to	A. measure intensity of radiation B. measure energy of radiation C. difference between different types of radiation D. all the above
6	If one volt is needed to cause a current of one ampere to flow in a conductor, its resistance is	A. one ohm B. one joule C. one volt D. one ampere
7	Work is always done on a body when:	A. A force acts on it B. It moves through certain distance C. None of A or B is correct D. Both A and B is correct
8	In an interference pattern of Young's double slit(YDS) experiment:	A. Bright fringesare wider than dark fringes B. Dark fringes are wider than bright fringes C. Both dark and bright fringes are of equal width D. <div> fringes are wider than the outer fringes</div>
9	The open loop gain of OP-AMP is of the order of	A. 10 ² B. 10 ³ C. 10 ⁴ D. 10 ⁵
10	If a material object moves with the speed of light 'C' its mass becomes	A. Equal to its rest mass B. Four times of its rest mass C. Double of its rest mass D. Infinite
11	Monochromatic light means waves of:	A. Same frequency B. Same colour C. Same wavelength D. All of them
12	A change in position of a body from its initial position to its final position is known as	A. relative motion B. displacement C. distance D. acceleration
13	The heat required to raise the temperature of one mole of the substance through 1 K is called	A. heat capacity B. specific heat capacity C. molar specific heat D. all of them
14	Energy is not carried by	A. Transverse progressive waves B. Longitudinal vibration

		C. Stationary waves D. Electromagnetic
15	Free electrons are	A. tightly bound B. fixed C. loosely bound D. tightly fixed
16	Huygen's principle states that	A. Light travels in straight line B. Light has dual nature C. Either of these D. None of these
17	The smallest three dimensional basic structure is called as:	A. An atom B. Unit cell C. Crystal lattice D. Polymer E. None of these
18	For a n-p-n transistor, the conventional current equation can be written as	A. <pre>A. <pre> A. <pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
19	A car is turning around a corner at 10 m/sec as it travels along an arc of a circle. If value of centripetal acceleration is 10 m/sec ² in this case, find radius of the circular path:	A. 1 m B. 5 m C. 10 m D. 15 m
20	Which one is related to angular motion:	A. Moment of a force B. Moment of inertia C. Moment of momentum D. None of these