

Physics ECAT Pre Engineering Chapter 5 Circular Motion

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	A car is moves around a circular track of radius 0.3 m at the rate of 120 rev/min. The speed v of the car is:	A. 38 m/sec B. 3.8 m/sec C. 0.6 m/sec D. None of these
2	One radian is:	A. Greater than one degree B. Less than one degree C. Equal to degree D. none of these
3	The number of "Earth Stations" which transmit signals to satellites and receive signals fro them are	A. 3 B. 24 C. 126 D. 200
4	One radian is equal to:	A. 30.3° B. 45.3° C. 50.3° D. 57.3°
5	Centripetal acceleration is also called acceleration	A. Tangential B. Radial C. Angular D. None of them
6	A point on the rim of a wheel moves 0.2 m when the wheel turns through an angle of 14.3 degrees. The radius of the wheel is:	A. 0.05 m B. 0.08 m C. 0.8 m D. 0.008 m
7	Angular velocity is a:	A. Scalar quantity B. Vector quantity C. Complex quantity D. None of these
8	Conventionally the angular velocity is directed to an angle of:	A. 90 <span 10.5pt;="" 107%;="" arial,="" background-attachment:="" background-clip:="" background-image:="" background-origir="" background-position:="" background-repeat:="" background-size:="" font-family:="" font-size:="" i<="" initial;="" line-height:="" sans-serif;="" style="font-size: 10.5pt; line-height: 107%; font-family: Arial, sans-serif; background-image: initial; background-size: initial; background-repeat: initial; background-attachment: initial; background-origir initial; background-clip: initial; background-size: notation</p> 9. 30Span style=" td="">
9	plays the same role during angular motion as played by the mass in linear motion	A. Torque B. Angular Momentum C. Moment of a force D. Moment of inertia
10	A flywheel accelerates from rest to an angular velocity of 7 rad/sec in 7 seconds. Its average acceleration will be:	A. 49 rad/sec ² B. 1 rad/sec ² C. 0.16 rev/sec ² D. Both A and C E. Both B and C

11	Satellites are held in orbits around Earth by its:	A. Gravitational field B. Magnetic field C. Own orbital motion D. Own spin motion
12	Angular velocity is a:	A. Scalar quantity B. Vector quantity C. Complex quantity D. None of these
13	The useful unit of the angular displacement in SI unit is:	A. Degree B. Revolution C. Radian D. Metre
14	Radian is defined as the angle subtended at the center of a circle by an arc of:	A. Length equal to its diameter B. Length equal to its radius C. Any length D. None of these
15	A rotating wheel accelerates up to the value of 0.75 rev/sec ² after 2 seconds of its start. Its angular velocity becomes:	A. 9.42 rad/sec B. 2.6 rev/sec C. 1.5 rev/sec D. Both A and C
16	When angular acceleration is positive, the body rotates:	A. Slower B. Slowest C. Faster D. None of these
17	One radian is:	A. Greater than one degree B. Less than one degree C. Equal to one degree D. None of these
18	A stone is tied to the end of a 20 cm along string is whirled in a horizontal circle. if centripetal acceleration is 9.8 m/sec ² , then its angular velocity in rad/sec is:	A. 22/7 B. 7 C. 14 D. 21
19	Which of the following pairs does not have identical dimensions?	A. Torque and energy B. Energy and work C. Momentum and impulse D. Mass and moment of inertia
20	A body moving along the circumference of a circle of radius R completes one revolution. The radius of the covered path to the angle subtended at the center is:	A. Radius of the circle B. Twice the radius C. Thrice the radius D. None of these