

ECAT Physics Chapter 3 Motion and Force

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	For a given angle of projection, if the time of flight of a projectile is doubled, the horizontal range will increase to	A. Four times B. Thrice C. Once D. Twice
2	A ball is dropped from a certain height and another ball is projected horizontally from the same point. Which of the following statements is correct?	A. Both hit the ground at the same velocity B. Both hit the ground at the same speed C. The change of velocity during the path for both balls is the same D. The change of speed during the path for both balls is the same
3	The direction of velocity is along the direction of	A. distance B. displacement C. acceleration D. all of them
4	A body is dropped from a tower with zero velocity, reaches ground in 4s. The height of the tower is about	A. 80 m B. 20 m C. 160 m D. 40 m
5	An airplane is flying horizontally with a velocity of 600 km/h and at a height of 1960 m. When it is vertically above a point A on the ground, a bomb is released from it. The bomb strikes the ground, at point B. The distance AB is	A. 1200 m B. 0.33 km C. 3.33 km D. 33 km
6	The velocity given to a body to go out of the influence of earth's gravity is known as:	A. Terminal velocity B. Orbital velocity C. Escape velocity D. None of these
7	Newton's first law is also called:	A. Law of torque B. Law of force C. Law of inertia D. None of these
8	If the instantaneous velocity of a body does not change, the body is said to be moving with	A. average velocity B. uniform velocity C. instantaneous velocity D. variable velocity
9	The motion of a projectile is	A. one dimension B. two dimension C. three dimension D. all of them
10	The instantaneous velocity is defined as the limiting value of $\Delta d/\Delta t$ on the time interval Δt approaches to	A. zero B. maximum C. minimum D. infinity
11	If the values of instantaneous and average velocities are equal, the body is said to be moving with	A. uniform acceleration B. uniform speed C. variable velocity D. uniform velocity
12	At the top of the trajectory of a projectile the acceleration is	A. The maximum B. The minimum C. Zero D. g
13	A change in position of a body from its initial position to its final position is known as	A. relative motion B. displacement C. distance D. acceleration
14	A body of mass 5 kg is acted upon by a total change in momentum will be:	A. 10 NS B. 100 NS C. 140 NS D. 200 NS

15	If a car rest acceleration uniformly to a speed of 144 km/h in 20 s it covers a distance of	A. 20 m B. 400 m C. 1440 m D. 2880 m
16	When body moves with increasing acceleration, its velocity time graph is a	A. straight line B. horizontal straight line C. vertical straight line D. curve
17	Root out the conventional source of energy:	A. Energy from biomass B. hydroelectric energy C. Geothermal energy D. None of these
18	A monkey sits on the pan of spring scale kept in an elevator. The reading of the spring scale will be maximum when	A. Elevator is stationary B. Elevator cable breaks and it falls freely towards earth C. Elevator accelerates downwards D. Elevator accelerates upward
19	If speed of electron is 5×10^5 m/s. How long does it take one electron to transverse 1 m?	A. 1×10^6 B. 2×10^6 C. 2×10^5 D. 1×10^5
20	What must be changing when a body is accelerating uniformly?	A. the force acting on a body B. the velocity of the body C. the mass of the body D. the speed of the body