

ECAT Physics Chapter 3 Motion and Force

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which quantity has the same dimension as that of impulse?	A. KE B. Power C. Momentum D. Work
2	Tick the conservative force:	A. tension in a string B. Air resistance C. Elastic spring force D. Frictional force
3	If the velocity time graph is a straight line parallel to time-axis, then it means that:	A. The body is moving with uniform velocity B. The body is moving with uniform acceleration C. The body is at rest D. None of above
4	The range of projectile is 50 m when θ is inclined with horizontal at 15° . What is the range when θ becomes 45° ?	A. 400 m B. 300 m C. 200 m D. 100 m
5	What will be the ratio of the distance moved by a freely falling body from rest in 4th and 5th seconds of journey?	A. 4 : 5 B. 7 : 9 C. 16 : 25 D. 1 : 1
6	A motorist travels A to B at a speed at 40 km/h and returns at speed of 60km/h. His average speed will be	A. 40 km/h B. 48 km/h C. 50 km/h D. 60 km/h
7	An inertial frame of reference is that frame of reference in which	A. $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = 0$ B. $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} > 0$ C. $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} < 0$ D. all of them
8	A body whose momentum is constant must have constant	A. Acceleration B. Velocity C. Force D. None of these
9	A body moving with an acceleration of 5 m/sec^2 started with velocity of 10 m/sec. What will be the distance traversed in 10 seconds?	A. 150 m B. 250 m C. 350 m D. 400 m
10	A dirty carpet is to be cleaned by heating. This is an accordance with _____ law of motion:	A. First B. Second C. Third D. None of these
11	During the upward motion of the projectile, the vertical component of velocity.	A. Decreases B. Increases C. Remains constant D. None of these
12	The expression $F \times t$ is called impulse if the time 't' is	A. zero B. very large C. very small D. infinite
13	A non-inertial frame of reference is that frame of reference in which	A. $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = 0$ B. $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} > 0$ or $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} < 0$ C. $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = 0$ D. none of them
14	A the top of the trajectory of a projectile, the directions of its velocity and acceleration are	A. Perpendicular to each other B. Parallel to each other C. Inclined to each other at an angle of 45° D. Antiparallel to each other

15	A body of weight 1 N has a kinetic energy of 1 joule when its speed is:	<p>A. 1.46 m sec^{-1}</p> <p>B. 2.44 m sec^{-1}</p> <p>C. 3.42 m sec^{-1}</p> <p>D. 4.43 m sec^{-1}</p>
16	A body is dropped from a tower with zero velocity, reaches ground in 4s. The height of the tower is about	<p>A. 80 m</p> <p>B. 20 m</p> <p>C. 160 m</p> <p>D. 40 m</p>
17	Graphs which are used to illustrate the variation of velocity of an object with time are called	<p>A. distance time graphs</p> <p>B. speed time graphs</p> <p>C. velocity time graphs</p> <p>D. acceleration time graphs</p>
18	A ball falls on the surface from 10 m height and rebounds to 2.5 m. if the duration of contact with the floor is 0.01 seconds then the average acceleration during contact is	<p>A. 2100 m/s^2</p> <p>B. 1400 m/s^2</p> <p>C. 700 m/s^2</p> <p>D. 400 m/s^2</p>
19	A monkey sits on the pan of spring scale kept in an elevator. The reading of the spring scale will be maximum when	<p>A. Elevator is stationary</p> <p>B. Elevator cable breaks and it falls freely towards earth</p> <p>C. Elevator accelerates downwards</p> <p>D. Elevator accelerates upward</p>
20	A body of mass 1.0 kg is falling with an acceleration of 10 m/s^2 . Its apparent weight will be ($g=10 \text{ m/s}^2$)	<p>A. 1.0 kg wt</p> <p>B. 2.0 kg wt</p> <p>C. 0.5 kg wt</p> <p>D. Zero</p>