

## Physics ECAT Pre Engineering Chapter 3 Motion and Force

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	An aircraft is moving with a velocity of 300 ms <sup>-1</sup> . If all the forces acting on it are balanced, then	A. It still moves with the same velocity B. It will be just floating at the same point in space C. It will be fall down instantaneously D. It will lose its velocity gradually
2	The consumption source if energy is:	A. Energy from blomass B. Hydroelectric energy C. Geothermal energy D. None of these
3	A monkey sits on the pan of spring scale kept in an elevator. The reading of the spring scale will be maximum when	A. Elevator is stationary     B. Elevator cable breaks and it falls freely towards earth     C. Elevator accelerates downwards     D. Elevator accelerates upward
4	The motion of a body in a straight line is the motion in	A. one dimension B. two dimension C. three dimension D. four dimension
5	In the above figures, tell which set is graphs shows that a body is moving uniform velocity:	A. (i) and (ii) B. (ii) and (iii) C. (i) and (iii) D. (ii) and (iv)
6	Tick the conservation force:	A. Tension in a string B. Air resistance string C. Elastic spring force D. Frictional force
7	Acceleration of a body is positive, if the velocity of the body is	A. constant B. increasing C. decreasing D. none of them
8	A person is sitting in a traveling train and facing the engine. He tosses up a coin and the coin falls behind him. It can be concluded that the train is	A. Moving forward and gaining speed B. Moving forward and losing speed C. Moving forward with uniform speed D. Moving backward with uniform speed
9	The mass of the object is a quantities measure of its	A. speed B. velocity C. acceleration D. inertia
10	Acceleration of a body at any particular instant during its motion is known as	A. average acceleration     B. uniform acceleration     C. instantaneous acceleration     D. all of them
11	A mass of 5kg moves with an acceleration of 10m s <sup>-2</sup> force applied is	A. 10 <b>N</b> B. 50 <b>N</b> C. 2 <b>N</b> D. 20 <b>N</b>
12	A ball of mass m moving with uniform speed collides elastically with another stationary ball. The incident ball will lose maximum kinetic energy when mass of the stationary ball is	A. m B. 2 m C. 4 m D. Infinity
13	Unit of impulse in	A. Newton B. Kg m C. Kg m/s D. Joule
14	If rope of lift breaks suddenly. The tension exerted by the surface of lift is (a=Acceleration of lift)	A. mg B. m (g+a) C. m (g - a) D. 0
		A. Impulse

15	Rate of change of momentum is called	B. Force C. Torque D. Momentum
16	In velocity of a particle at an instant is 10 m/s and after 5s the velocity of the particle is 20 m/s. The velocity 3s before in m/s is	A. 8 B. 4 C. 6 D. 7
17	Essential characteristic of equilibrium is	A. Momentum equal to zero     B. Acceleration equal to zero     C. Kinetic energy equal to zero     D. Velocity equal to zero
18	A body walks to his school at a distance of 6 km with a speed of 2.5 km/h and walks back with a constant speed of 5 km/h. His average speed for round trip expressed in km/h is	A. 24/13 B. 10/3 C. 3 D. 4,8
19	The vertical component of velocity of a projectile during its motion is minimum	A. at the time of projection B. at the highest point C. just before hitting the plane of projection D. all of them
20	A car moves for half of its time at 80 km/h and rest half of time at 40 km/h, The total distance covered is 60 km. What is the average speed of the car?	A. 60 km/hr B. 80 km/hr C. 120 km/hr D. 180 km/hr