

ECAT Physics Chapter 12 Electrostatics

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Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	What is the current is a 2×10^6 ohm resistor having a potential difference of 2×10^3 volts?	A. 10 ⁻¹ A B. 10 ⁻² A C. 10 ⁻⁴ A D. 1 mA
2	Electric potential of earth is taken to be zero because the earth is good	A. Semiconductor B. Conductor C. Insulator D. Dielectric
3	Potentiometer is more sensitive than voltmeter, because	A. Voltmeter has a very high resistance B. Voltmeter has a very low resistance C. Potentiometer does not draw any current from a source of unknown potential difference D. Potentiometer is sensitive
4	If a 40 watt light bulb burns for 2 hours. how much heat is generated	A. 288 x 10 ³ J B. 288 x 10 ⁸ J C. 288 x 10 ⁵ J D. 288 x 10 ⁶ J
5	The current through a metallic conductor is due to the motion of	A. protons B. neutrons C. electrons D. free electrons
6	If we plot graph between potential difference (V) and current (I) obeying ohm's law, it will give us	A. parabola B. straight line C. hyper bola D. ellipse
7	If two bulbs one of 60 W and other of 100 W are connected in parallel, then which one of the following will flow more?	A. 60 W bulb B. 100 W bulb C. Both equally D. None of these
8	The SI unit of electric field intensity is	A. CN ⁻¹ B. NC ⁻¹ or Vm ⁻¹ C. JC ⁻¹ D. AV ⁻¹
9	Specific resistance of a wire depends upon	A. Length B. Cross-section area C. Mass D. None
10	A car battery has e.m.f 12 volt and internal resistance 5×10^{-2} ohm. If it draws 60 ampere current, the terminal voltage of the battery will be	A. 5 volt B. 3 volt C. 15 volt D. 9 volt
11	The energy required to charge a capacitor of $5\mu\text{F}$ by connecting D.C. source of 20 KV is	A. 10 KJ B. 5 KJ C. 2 KJ D. 1 KJ
12	If the length of the conductor is double and its cross sectional area is halved, its conductance will	A. Increase four fold B. Become one-fourth C. Become one-half D. Remains unchanged
13	The ohm's is defined as	A. 1 ampere / 1 volts B. 1 coulomb / 1 volt C. 1 volt / 1 ampere D. 1 volt / 1 coulomb
14	For two resistance wires joined in parallel, the resultant resistance is 6/5 ohm. When one of the resistance wire breaks, the effective resistance becomes 2 ohm. The resistance of the broken wire is	A. 3/5 ohm B. 2 ohm C. 6/5 ohm D. 3 ohm

15	At any point on the right bisector of the line joining two equal and opposite charges	A. At electric field is zero B. The electric potential is zero C. The electric potential decreases with increasing distance from the centre D. The electric field is perpendicula to the line joining the charges
16	Force acting upon a charged particle kept between the plates of a charged condenser if F. IF one of the plates of the condenser is removed, force acting on the same will become	A. Zero B. F/2 C. F D. 2F
17	The earth's potential is taken as	A. Negative B. Positive C. Zero D. Infinite
18	A sheet of aluminium foil of negligible thickness is introduced between the plates of a capacitor. The capacitance of the capacitor	A. Increases B. Decreases C. Remain unchanged D. Becomes infinite
19	If the distance of separation between two chares is increased, the electrical potential energy of the system will	A. Increase B. Decrease C. May increase or decrease D. Remain the same
20	The electric flux from a closed surface	A. Is independent of the shape of t surface B. Depends on the charge enclose by the surface C. Both a and b D. None of the above