

Physics ECAT Pre Engineering Chapter 12 Electrostatics

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Electron volt is the unit of	A. Potential difference B. Energy C. Resistance D. Capacitance
2	The electric flux from a closed surface	A. Is independent of the shape of the surface B. Depends on the charge enclosed by the surface C. Both a and b D. None of the above
3	If the resistance of 2 ohm and 4 ohm are connected in parallel, the equivalent resistance will be	A. 6 ohm B. 4 ohm C. zero ohm D. 1.33 ohm
4	A piece of fuse wire melts when a current of 15 ampere flows through it. With this current. If it dissipates 22.5 W, the resistance of fuse wire will be	A. Zero B. $10\ \Omega$ C. $1\ \Omega$ D. $0.10\ \Omega$
5	The unit of intensity of electric field is	A. newton/coulomb B. jule/coulomb C. volt x metre D. newton/metre
6	A charge Q is divided into two parts q and Q - q and separated by a distance R. The force of repulsion between them will be maximum when	A. $q = Q/4$ B. $q = Q/2$ C. $q = !$ D. None of these
7	The fractional change in resistance per kelvin is known as	A. temperature coefficient B. resistance coefficient C. super temperature D. critical temperature
8	Capacitance of two or more capacitors	A. Increases in series combination B. Increases in parallel combination C. Remains unchanged D. None of the above
9	Physicist George Simon ohm was a	A. German physical B. French physicist C. Chinese physicist D. Russian physicist
10	In RC series circuit the time during which the capacitor acquires 0.63 times the equilibrium charge is called	A. Time constant B. Decay constant C. None of these D. All of above
11	A closed surface contains two equal and opposite charges. The net electric flux from the surface will be	A. Negative B. Positive C. Infinite D. Zero
12	The ohm's is defined as	A. 1 ampere / 1 volts B. 1 coulomb / 1 volt C. 1 volt / 1 ampere D. 1 volt / 1 ampere

13	Free electrons are	A. tightly bound B. fixed C. loosely bound D. tightly fixed
14	A cube of metal is given a positive charge Q. For the above system, which of the following statements is true?	A. Electric potential at the surface of the cube is zero B. Electric potential within the cube is zero C. Electric field is normal to the surface of the cube D. Electric field varies within the cube
15	The charge carriers in gases are	A. electrons B. ions C. protons D. ions and electrons
16	If electric and gravitational force on an electron in a uniform electric field will be	A. $E=mg/q$ B. $E=q/mg$ C. $E=g/q$ D. $E=qg/m$
17	A 10 F capacitor is charged to a potential difference of 50 V and is connected to another uncharged capacitor in parallel. Now the common potential difference becomes 20 volt. The capacitance of second capacitor is	A. $10 \mu\text{F}$ B. $20 \mu\text{F}$ C. $30 \mu\text{F}$ D. $15 \mu\text{F}$
18	One electron volt is equal to	A. $1.6 \times 10^{19} \text{eV}$ B. $6.25 \times 10^{18} \text{eV}$ C. $1.6 \times 10^{18} \text{eV}$ D. $6.25 \times 10^{19} \text{eV}$
19	Which of the following does not obey ohm's law?	A. Copper B. Al C. Diode D. None
20	If the length of the conductor is double and its cross sectional area is halved, its conductance will	A. Increase four fold B. Become one-fourth C. Become one-half D. Remains unchanged